1277

The Bombay [illegible] Gazette.

No. 55,454—New Series [illegible] BOMBAY—MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1911. [illegible] PRICE [illegible]

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

L[illegible]

[illegible]

HOMEWARD PASSENGER [illegible]

[illegible]	SALSETTE	[illegible]		
[illegible]	PERSIA	[illegible]		
[illegible]	SALSETTE	[illegible]		
[illegible]	[illegible]NA	[illegible]		
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	[illegible]		
[illegible]	CHINA	8000		
[illegible]	SALSETTE	8000		
[illegible]	[illegible]	8000		
[illegible]	MACEDONIA	11000		
[illegible]	ARABIA	[illegible]		
[illegible]	SALSETTE	[illegible]		
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		
[illegible]	PERSIA	[illegible]		
[illegible]	MARMORA	[illegible]		
April	MOLTAN	[illegible]		
[illegible]	SALSETTE	[illegible]	MOLDAVIA	[illegible]
[illegible]	MANTUA	[illegible]	MALWA	[illegible]
May	SALSETTE	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	SALSETTE	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	ARABIA	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON [illegible] passengers for MARSEILLES tranship [illegible] to the "CHINA."

[illegible] the BALLARD PIER on day [illegible] passengers must attend at that place [illegible] Medical Inspection by the Health Officer.

[illegible] Passengers cannot go on board the [illegible]

INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles ...	Rs. 465 or Rs. 501	Rs. 743 or Rs. 801
To London ...	Rs. 505 or Rs. 537	Rs. 792 or Rs. [illegible]

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly [illegible] on WEDNESDAYS, taking [illegible] for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets [illegible] terms.

For [illegible] and further information, apply to

W. G. SYMES, Superintendent.

Bombay.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINES.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4,580	D. Magnanini	15th Oct. 1911
R. Sabaudia?	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Nov. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets ...	Rs. 530	Rs. 330	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years ...	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* [illegible] Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 747 [illegible] Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers [illegible] the option of going via Genoa and [illegible] and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are [illegible] return either by the [illegible] Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd [illegible] Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Oct. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Bisito	16th Nov. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. [illegible]

Time-tables of sailing for [illegible] and American Ports issued [illegible] alterations.

For [illegible] particulars apply to—

G. D[illegible]

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

PRINTING.—apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, [illegible]

SHIPPING.

[illegible] STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, [illegible]

[illegible]

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHIRE (Weekly).

[illegible] 1215 tons, on Thursday, 5th Oct. [illegible] Muscat, Lingah, Bushire, and Mohomera.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

[illegible] Palitana, 3295 tons, on Wednesday [illegible] October, calling at Veraval, [illegible] Karachi, [illegible] Gwadur, Muscat, [illegible] Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire [illegible] and Basrah.

[illegible]

FOR [illegible] OF AFRICA (Direct).

[illegible] connections to ports [illegible] Mauritius [illegible]

[illegible] and rates of freight and passage may be [illegible]

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

[illegible] October, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.		To Sail on THURSDAY
Nera	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] Nov. 1911.
Yarra	[illegible]	[illegible] Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	[illegible]	[illegible] Jan. 1912.
Armand Behic	[illegible]	[illegible]

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

[illegible]

Vessels.	Tons.	[illegible]	To Sail on
Yarra	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] Oct. 1911.
Polynesien	6361	[illegible]	[illegible] 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. [illegible]

Albert Building, Hornby Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been [illegible]

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON [illegible]

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay
Circassia	6716	G. F. Osborne R.N.R.	[illegible]
Scindia	5100	W[illegible]	[illegible]
Castalia	6383	[illegible]	[illegible]
Elysia	636[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Massilia	5001	[illegible]	[illegible]
Olympia	513[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Circassia	6716	[illegible]	[illegible]
Scindia	5100	[illegible]	[illegible]
Castalia	6383	[illegible]	[illegible]

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON [illegible]

[illegible]

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.

[illegible]

SHIPPING.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.

BANKERS, ARMY, & [illegible] AGENTS,

BOMBAY.

PASSAGES & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

Calcutta: GRINDLAY & Co.
London: GRINDLAY & Co.

BANKS.

[illegible] & CO.

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

[illegible]

CALCUTTA BRANCH [illegible]

BANKING BUSINESS [illegible]

CURRENT ACCOUNTS [illegible] FIXED DEPOSITS received [illegible]

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS [illegible] terms.

[illegible]

INSURANCE [illegible] effected.

SHIPPING [illegible] AND AGENCY BUSINESS [illegible] description, including [illegible] of CARGO and [illegible] of Baggage and [illegible] SHIPPING [illegible] HANDBOOK [illegible]

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S.W.

[illegible] BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

[illegible]

LONDON [illegible]

[illegible]

THE CORPORATION [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] BANK, Ld.

CAPITAL (Paid up) [illegible]

RESERVE FUND [illegible]

[illegible]

SAVINGS BANK [illegible]

BANKING BUSINESS of [illegible] description transacted [illegible] on application.

R. E. [illegible]
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... [illegible]

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... [illegible]

RESERVE FUNDS ... [illegible]

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Antung-Hsien	[illegible]
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	[illegible]
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tieling
London	Tientsin
[illegible]	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS [illegible] interest [illegible]

[illegible]

N. IGARASHI, [illegible]

Post Box No. 207, [illegible]

JEWELRY

A[illegible] the demand there is for brooches and bracelets ornaments [illegible] disagreeable with any toilet and the wide range in hair ornaments [illegible] in fillets and bandeaux, permitted by the present varying style of [illegible] necklaces the first [illegible] the most prominent fashionable [illegible] ornaments follow next with hair ornaments a close third.

NECKWEAR

[illegible] continue to grow wonderfully in popular fancy, possibly because the [illegible] are even more dainty and delicate than ever. We have a collection of these ornaments which are unparalleled for absolute exclusiveness and distinctiveness in idea and design [illegible] in its truest interpretation. Festoon necklaces and necklaces with [illegible] in fancy stones or stile effects in braided beads and bands also continue to command [illegible] while the neckchain and guard attached to a locket indispensable ornaments [illegible]

EAR ORNAMENTS

[illegible] fashion continues to support and patronise lavishly ear wear in even [illegible] than ever. The only discouragement hitherto offered to a more universal use [illegible] and it is now no longer necessary to have the ears pierced in order to [illegible] be attached to the ear to be by an invisible [illegible] in earwear which will be found suitable for evening wear [illegible] and also smaller designs for wear during the day [illegible] use. The [illegible] comprises a variety in style from the dainty [illegible] up to the [illegible] hanging pendants and hoops, in plain gold [illegible]

MARCKS & CO., LD.

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE beg to bring to the notice of the public that when buying OLIVE OIL they should see that the same is the real produce of the OLIVE TREE, as there are several kinds of so-called Olive oils which are only Cotton Seed Oil.

We as Agents for the world renowned FIRM of FERDINANDO NENCIONI of PISA (ITALY) who has been awarded [illegible] for their produce at the Principal Exhibitions of the World [illegible] OLIVE OIL, to be what it is actually called [illegible] whatever.

AVOID therefore the [illegible] produce of OIL from the OLIVE TREE, [illegible] only.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
[illegible] BOMBAY

GRIMAULT & Co's

"ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST [illegible] TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

[illegible] of Nervous Exhaustion [illegible] shorten convalescence [illegible]

SOLE AGENTS

V. C. DASTUR & CO.

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

BY BATLIWALA'S AGUE CURED MIXTURE & PILLS

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

[illegible]

[illegible] TOOTH [illegible]

VETERI[illegible]

[illegible]

VETERIZO[illegible]

[illegible]

Standard Oil Company of New York.

[illegible]

BALLARD [illegible]

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF [illegible]

DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit of Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	These well known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150°	" "	
[illegible]	125°	" "	
[illegible]	125°	" "	
[illegible]	125°	" "	

[illegible] and in bulk from yellow [illegible]

150 "SHELL" 150

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

[illegible] 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE	[illegible] and PACKED in AMERICA	[illegible]	NO SMOKE and NO SMELL

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" 150 "SHELL" 150

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

[illegible] BOMBAY.

[illegible]INE BROTHERS.

[illegible]

[illegible] IONS.

[illegible] Etc., Etc., Etc.

[illegible] PRICE LIST FREE ON A[illegible]

[illegible] Telephone [illegible]

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PARTNERSHIP which has for some time past been carried on by the [illegible] BAI BACHUBAI [illegible] the late Mr. [illegible] MOTIWALLA and wife of Mr. PESTONJI CAWASJEE PADAR and DADABHOY [illegible] under the name, style and firm of [illegible] CAWASJEE MOTIWALLA, at the [illegible] Camp at Aden, in the trade of [illegible] General Merchants commission and Shipping Agents, was THIS DAY DISSOLVED. Due notice whereof has been given to the said Dadabhoy [illegible]. Further notice is hereby given that [illegible] has dispensed with the services of [illegible] the said Pestonji Cawasjee Padar as manager and revoked all his authority as such manager in the aforesaid business, due notice of which has also been given to the said Pestonji Cawasjee Padar.—Dated at Bombay this 1st day of October, 1911.

BICKNELL, MERWANJI & ROMER,
Solicitors to Bai Bachubai Pestonji Padar.

GOVERNMENT MEDICAL STORES BOMBAY.

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY of Medicines and [illegible] Empty Packing Cases, Tinware, Mutton Suet, [illegible] and Dunnage and for the purchase of [illegible] and Ground Nut Cake and unserviceable [illegible] Casks Scotch Barrels, etc., will be received by the Medical Storekeeper to Government, Bombay, up to 12 noon on the 1st November, 1911.

Written application must be made for Tender and schedule forms which will be supplied on payment of Re. 1 per set.

For further particulars, please apply to the undersigned.

C. F. MARR, Captain, I. M. S.,
Offg. Medical Storekeeper to Govt., Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

LOCAL TRAIN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND KALYAN.

MONDAY, the 2nd October, 1911, being a Public Holiday, the following Local Trains will NOT RUN on that day:—

				H. M.
115	Down	Kurla Local	Bombay Dep.	8-45
117	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	9-30
121	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	13-50
125	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	15-20
129	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	17-0
131	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	17-35
116	Up	,, ,,	Kurla ,,	9-45
118	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	12-5
122	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	15-50
128	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	17-50
132	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	19-15
73	Down	Thana ,,	Bombay ,,	6-10
91	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	18-5
74	Up	,, ,,	Thana ,,	8-0
92	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	19-55
94	,,	,, ,,	Stop Curry Road and Chinchpokli	

93 Down Thana Local stop all Stations.

47	Down	Kalyan Local	Bombay Dep.	8-30
50	Up	,, ,,	Kalyan ,,	8-8
54	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	[illegible]-21
64	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	1[illegible]-2
52	,,	,, ,,	,, ,,	9-4

will run instead of 51 up.

61 and 63 Down Kalyan Locals will stop at all Stations.

W. ALEXANDER,
For General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 29th September, 1911.

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888,

As amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended by the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, 1905, that the Undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held in the month of November, 1911, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the Public street known as Tamarind Lane (from Church Gate Street to Meadow Street)

A plan of this street showing the existing regular line of the Street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal, may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.—Dated this 29th day of September, 1911.

P. R. CADELL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

BHAVNAGAR STATE RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of CONSUMABLE STORES for the Year 1912. Copies of Schedules can be obtained on application to the Store-keeper, Bhavnagar Para, on payment of Re. 1. Sealed Tenders will be received by the Manager, Bhavnagar State Railway, up to noon on FRIDAY the 20th October, 1911, accompanied by an Earnest Fee of Rs. 10, [illegible] returned in case the Tender is not accepted.

The Manager reserves to himself the right to accept any Tender, in whole or in part, but he does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender, the whole or in part.

All Stores should be exactly as per samples in Store-keeper's Office, at Bhavnagar Para, where they can be seen.

K. R. VACHA,
Store-keeper, B.-G. J.-P. Railway.
Bhavnagar Para, Dated 21st September, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

SPECIAL TIME TABLE FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER.

NORTH-EAST ROUTE.	NORTH-WEST ROUTE.
Corridor [illegible] Car Express between Bombay and Delhi.	Mail Train between Bombay and Delhi via Ahmedabad, Abu and Jaipur, Restaurant Car between Ahmedabad and Ajmer.
DOWN.	DOWN.
Bombay (Colaba) D. 22-0 Delhi .... A. 6-57	Bombay (Colaba) D. 21-30 Delhi .... A. 8-45
UP.	UP.
Delhi .... D. 22-45 Bombay (Colaba) A. 7-20	Delhi .... D. 21-0 Bombay (Colaba) A. 8-15

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will be run when necessary leaving Bombay in the evening and arriving at Delhi at a convenient hour in the morning.

Passengers for and from beyond Delhi should change at Delhi.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

A Special through Express Goods Train is now running daily by the broad-gauge route for the conveyance of Motor Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON.
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 28th September, 1911.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs 37-8 per annum credit, Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

[illegible] NOTIFICATIONS.

THE REGISTERED OFFICES of the JOST'S PATENT SUPPLY AND ENGINEERING CO., LTD., will be REMOVED to the GROUND FLOOR OF MARKER'S BUILDING, on and from the 5th October, 1911.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

A GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Bombay Gymkhana, will be held in the Pavilion, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th October, 1911, at 6-45 p.m.

LA MARTINIERE COLLEGE, LUCKNOW.

THE COLLEGE will REOPEN after the Long Vacation, on OCTOBER, 14th, 1911.

New boys should JOIN SCHOOL on OCTOBER, 14th, 15th or 16th.

RECENT SUCCESSES.

Dec. 1910.—Government High School Examination.—Twenty three candidates passed from La Martiniere College, taking two Government Scholarships and obtaining thirteen "Honours" in Arithmetic and six in other subjects.

June 1911.—Thomason College Roorkee Civil Engineering Class Entrance Examination.—Five candidates out of seven passed from La Martiniere College. Upper Subordinate Class, Entrance Examination.—Two candidates presented; both passed taking 1st and 2nd places.

June 1911.—Civil Engineering Class.—Six candidates out of seven passed. Upper Subordinate Class, four candidates; all passed taking 1st, 3rd, and 4th places.

" 1911.—Thomason College:—Gold Medal for best Engineering design won by A. Vanderbeck, a Martiniere Scholar.

" 1911.—Hyderabad State Scholarship.—Awarded to H. [illegible], a Martiniere boy.

La Martiniere College prepares boys for Thomason College, Roorkee; the Survey, Forest, Customs, Medical and other services; the Government Middle and High School Examinations, etc. Valuable scholarships are awarded by the Government to successful students going to Thomason College, Roorkee.

NEW SCIENCE LABORATORIES RECENTLY OPENED.

Largest and best playing fields in India. For prospectus and other information apply to,

THE SECRETARY,
La Martiniere College, Lucknow.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. [illegible] VUNDAVAN VURJIVANDAS [illegible] Hindu, has contracted TO SELL the [illegible] mentioned property, to our client MR. [illegible] MANECKJI CONTRACTOR. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office No. 79, [illegible] Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within ten days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any reference to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of freehold vacant land or ground situate, lying and being on the West side of Chunam Kiln Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District

of Bombay, containing by admeasurement $\frac{627\text{—}88}{100}$ square yards or thereabouts and formerly Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue

with other property under New Survey No. $\frac{[illegible]}{7363}$

and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by Chunam Kiln Road, on or towards the West by the property of the Vendor, on or towards the North by the property secondly hereafter described, and on or towards the South by the property of Vithaldas Girdhardas, which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes with other property under D. Ward Nos. 1799 (4), 1799-3 (1-2), Street Nos. 3a, 3-4, and were formerly and are now in the possession of the Vendor.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of freehold vacant land or ground, situate, lying and being on the West side of Chunam Kiln Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of

Bombay, containing by admeasurement $\frac{968\text{—}11}{100}$

square yards or thereabouts, and formerly Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue with other property under New

Survey No. $\frac{1}{7363}$ and bounded as follows:—

That is to say on or towards the East by Chunam Kiln Road, on or towards the West by the property of the Vendor, on or towards the North by the property of the David Sassoon Reformatory Institution, and on or towards the South by the property first above described, which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes with other property under D Ward Nos. 1798 (1), 1798 (4), Street Nos 2 and 6, and were formerly and are now in the possession of the Vendor.—Dated this 28th day of September 1911.

PESTANJEE RUSTIM KOLA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Princes Street.
LONDON: 61, Threadneedle Street.

Total funds exceed......£21,0[illegible]

[illegible] has just been declared at the rate of 30 shillings per cent per annum and is allocated on the Compound System. This Bonus is therefore equivalent to an addition of from Rs. 15 per thousand on new Policies to Rs. 36-8 per thousand on the oldest Policies which have thus been doubled in amount by such additions of bonuses.

INDIAN LIVES are insured at European rates of premium. For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, &c., apply to

KING, KING & Co.
Secretaries.

KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

N. B.—WANTED Good [illegible] AGENTS on [illegible]

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the annuitants had no control over the Capital once paid down.

For full particulars apply to—

CROFT MODY & CO.,
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon,
Bombay.

AMUSEMENTS.

POONA NINTH EXTRA MEETING.
SATURDAY, 7TH OCTOBER, 1911.

POONA TENTH EXTRA MEETING.
WEDNESDAY, 11TH OCTOBER, 1911.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRIES CLOSE, at 6 P. M., on TUESDAY, 3rd October, 1911.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 28th Sept., 1911.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT,
PICTURES OF PERFECTION.

THE CHIEF'S TALISMAN.

SAVED FROM CRIME.

FOOLSHEAD CHAUFFEUR.

MUSCLE DEVELOPMENT,

&c., &c., &c.

SATURDAY NEXT.

TWO GREAT PICTURES.

A DROP OF WATER.

IN THE GRIP OF ALCOHOL.

DONT MISS THESE TWO PICTURES.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. [illegible], HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE, [illegible], G. I. P. Railway, Victoria [illegible]

[illegible] Sections 55 and 56 of Railway [illegible] instructions from the G. I. P. [illegible] MENESSE and Co., [illegible] on MONDAY, the [illegible] 1911, [illegible] p.m. (S. T.), at the [illegible]

A quantity of [illegible] goods, parcels, etc., etc.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 2nd October, 1911.

By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.

OCULISTS & OPTICIANS,
Opp. Government Telegraph Office,
7 Hornby Row, BOMBAY.

THE FIRST

AND

ONLY FIRM

Who Offer their constant Free Services of a Duly Qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from Various Eye Hospitals of Europe, Holding Genuine English Registrable Diplomas.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST,

Has TWENTY ONE YEARS' experience in SIGHT TESTING RETINOSCOPICALLY.

WE HOLD

Highest Credentials from H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice of Bengal, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon'ble Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr H. G. Gell, M V O., Lt.-Col. Foreman, R. A. M. C., P. M. O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Bull, M. D., I.M.S., Lt.-Col. Peters, M.B., I.M.S., and Other High Personages.

STOCK:—LATEST and MOST PERFECT [illegible]

HOTEL WINDSOR.

[illegible]

J. S. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

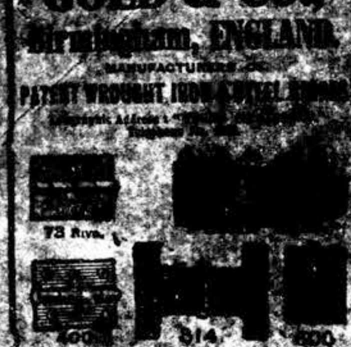
Established over a Century.

GOLD & CO.,
Birmingham, ENGLAND.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL [illegible]

[illegible]



Supply "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. [illegible] & Co, Ltd. Bombay, and Mr. [illegible] [illegible] Bombay.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

[illegible] Advertisements [illegible] Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted [illegible] this Column.

RATES.—(Cash [illegible]) Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each [illegible] line, annas 8. Minimum charge 8a. [illegible]

[illegible] "[illegible]" unless amount to cover Postage [illegible]

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ltd., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

MOTOR ACCESSORIES.—We specialise in these. Spare parts stocked. A call will convince you as to the [illegible] and utility of our goods. No uphill prices. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co. 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singer's Sewing Machines have proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out of order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

WANTED.—Smart New COMPOSITORS. Apply GENERAL MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes, "Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes:— 3½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee [illegible] hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred. If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 6 13-16 inch by 3 2/3 inch, Rs. 3½ per thousand ( ) printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 2½d. to 1s. 4 11/32d. Also includes Tables of Par [illegible]—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values [illegible] Dates, Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c. &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts, apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a [illegible] [illegible] the Mosaic Power [illegible] [illegible] economising [illegible] The Management is [illegible] expedition and [illegible] for all sorts of Printing Work, [illegible]

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAMES fitted to your own lenses will be found [illegible] boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always [illegible].
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting,— [illegible] Gold, Rs. 16.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
[illegible]
[illegible] MATERIALS
[illegible]

[illegible]

WESTERN
HOTEL.

[illegible] KEYMER & Co.
[illegible] PRODUCE AGENTS.
[illegible] J. KEYMER & CO. [illegible] many years
[illegible] MACHINERY,
[illegible] MERCHANDISE
[illegible] FURNISHED
[illegible] ASSURED.
[illegible].—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the sale of [illegible] PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
[illegible] FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.[illegible]

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THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire," Ld., at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette," Ld.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

[illegible]

THE CORPORATION [illegible] DRAFTS on the above [illegible] and also on the Principal [illegible] the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue, TRAVELLERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake [illegible] Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly Balance, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS, 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ [illegible]

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, LONDON E.C.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

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EMILE FRANCQUI (Director of the Banque D'Outremer.)
WALTER MURRAY GUTHRIE, Esq., (Director of the London Joint Stock Bank Ltd.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs. Brown Shipley and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES SOCILLAT, (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. B. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq., Chairman.
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of [illegible] Road and Church Gate Street.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS: [illegible] allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances [illegible] Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the interest for the half year is not less than Rs. 5

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits fixed for one year and shorter periods, at rates which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,

[illegible]
[illegible] BLOSSOM
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS

[illegible] in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA

BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

APPLY EARLY TO

CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS

RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs BRANDON & CO. Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.

Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co. Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

THERAPION CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY BY CULL AND POONA

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED.

ASSISTANT ENGINEERS and SUPERVISERS. Apply sharp to the STATE ENGINEER, Bhavnagar with testimonials stating pay. Persons with experience of irrigation and famine works will be given preference.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	[illegible]
Bombay,	Chittagong,	[illegible]
Madras,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Karachi,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lahore	[illegible]	[illegible]
Amritsar,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Delhi,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp),	[illegible]
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	[illegible]

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegraph.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Shares, and Stocks and receive [illegible] safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends [illegible]

[illegible] and CASH CREDITS granted on approved [illegible]

Post Box No. 161. **W. J. K. HEGARTY**
BOMBAY Acting Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

[illegible] JEFFREY,
Agent.

Carlton House, [illegible] Road, Bombay.

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from [illegible] by the impure state of the blood, [illegible] arising, you should take a course of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has a [illegible] reputation, and to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—THOROUGHLY AND RAPIDLY CLEANSES THE BLOOD [illegible] PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities from whatever cause arising, for

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY,	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA,	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS,
BOILS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

[illegible]

NOTE. This mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors [illegible] to give it a trial to test its value.

[illegible]

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. R. Lewis, 44, Bridge Street Row, Chester, writes:—"I have [illegible] 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things [illegible] until I took your remedy. [illegible] bottle I was quite well again. [illegible] as a token of gratitude to your wonderful Clarke's Blood Mixture."—June [illegible] 1909

[illegible]

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR . . .
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE. In 1/- Tins (English Price). Sold everywhere. For Free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, LTD., Artillery Lane, London, E. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all chemists.

INSTANT RELIEF.

Agents:—H. TREACHER & Co., Bombay & Poona.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, [illegible]

The following popular and well known [illegible] of Whiskies from Messrs. Robertson Sa[illegible] & Co., Ltd., Leith, can be had wholesale [illegible]

CROFT MODY & [illegible]

SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY or retail from

Messrs. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
and
Messrs. DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM St., FORT.

"Liqueur Scotch Whisky (as supplied to the Savoy Hotel and Restaurant Ltd.)

O.B.G. (Old Blended Glen[illegible]) WHISKY.

O.H.S. (Old Highland Scotch) WHISKY.

G.O.H. (Grand Old Highland) WHISKY.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE is to enjoy the advantages of a perfect health. Many young men often [illegible] themselves to various vices, that [illegible] down the health, and very soon [illegible] them, fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing!

ATANK NIGRAH PILL

is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases, resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous system.

It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and stopping wet dreams.

It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplies everything what a man should have.

PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.

Write to day:—

VAIDYA SHASTRI.
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

Stephens'

Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons for Typewriters.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIPTIONS.

		Subscription.	Discount [illegible]
Yearly	...	Rs. [illegible] 0	Rs. [illegible]
Half-yearly	...	,, 18 12	,, 1[illegible]
Quarterly	...	,, 7 8	,, [illegible]
Monthly	...	,, 1 8	,, [illegible]

SINGLE COPY ... ... ONE ANNA

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 3[illegible]
Half-yearly	...	,, 20 0	,, 1[illegible]
Quarterly	...	,, 10 10	,, [illegible]
Monthly	...	,, 3 12	,, [illegible]

SINGLE COPY ... TWO ANNAS

N.B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount payment must always be made in advance.

For [illegible] Issue of the "Bombay Ga[illegible]

[illegible] Short advertisements Column [illegible]

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, [illegible] in such matters as Small Sales, Business [illegible] Situations, Wanted Servants Houses, or [illegible] Required; Change of Residence and Articles [illegible] Found, the rates are as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ... ... Re. [illegible]
Each succeeding line ... ... ,, [illegible]

No Advertisement will be inserted for less [illegible] Rupee. Payment must in all cases be made in a[illegible]

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion	...	Rs. 5-0	Per [illegible]
Second Insertion	...	,, 3-8	do.
Third Insertion	...	,, 3-0	do.
Fourth Insertion	...	,, 2-8	do.
Fifth and upwards	...	,, 2-0	do.
Minimum charge	...	,, 6-0	do.

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, Sept. 29.] [BOMBAY, Sept. 30.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
8 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	77 5-16	un	chgd
3 do. Rentes ...	93 3-4	un	chgd
8 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan...	92 1-2	un	chgd
do. Govt. securities...	63 11-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 5-16	1-16	
do. 2 months' hence...	24 7-16	1-16	
do. in New York ...	52 3-4	1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris...	25 14 1-2	1-2	
do. at Berlin...	20-49 1-2	un	chgd
do. at New York...	4-86 1-4		1-4
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 p.c. 21st Sept	since	
do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight.	3 15-16	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight.	3 4 1-8	un	chgd
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-4	un	chgd
do, 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 5-8	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	2 1-2	un	chgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans...	2 3-4	1-4	

Bar Gold ... 77·9 unchgd

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 31-32 unchgd

Closing Tone of Silver—Buyers satisfied.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay ....£	210,000
Bar Gold to Bombay ....£	60,000
Sovereigns to Bombay ....£	60,000
Silver to Calcutta ....£	120,000
Gold do ....£	2,600
Silver to Colombo ....£	8,000

COTTON.

VERPOOL—

Spot	Unchanged. Quiet.
Futures	... Easy.
Manchester	Quiet but firm.
Total Sales	... 6,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	1,00 „
Imports	... 11,000 „
Mid Americans	... 6·11 unchgd
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 unchgd

UTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

t.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec. Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
5·61	5·56	5·53	5·53	5·55
—01	—01	unchgd	unchgd	unchgd
eb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.	April-May.	May-June.	
5·57	5·59	5·60	5·62	
nchgd	unchgd	unchgd	+01	

New York Official noon call Oct. 10·15 Jan. 10·26.

New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct. 10·16 Jan. 10·30

W YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	84,000
Receipts at „ Last year ...	77,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	56,000
Exports to Continent ...	41,000
Spot Cotton— ...	10·40—.5

Futures—Month of Oct. 10·15—06 | Declined on commission house liquidation and on foreign buying.

Futures—Month of Dec. 10·30—07

W ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	... 10 9-16 unchgd
Futures month of Oct.	... 10·15—10
Futures month of Dec.	... 10·22—10
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Quiet.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of cotton at U. S. Ports	434,000
Do. exports to Great Britain	158,000
Do. do to France and Continent	135,000
Do. do. to Japan	......
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports	609,000
Do. do. at interior Ports	210,000

ERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—

otal actual Exports	5,000
do Forwarded	67,000
do Imports	80,000
do Stock	283,000
Stock of Cotton in London	7,720

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G.	d 5 1-16
F. G. Bengal M. G.	d 5 3-16
Fine Bengal M. G.	d 5 5-16
Good Bhownagger	d 5 7-16
F. G. Bhownagger	d 5 9-16
Fine hownagger	d 5 11-16
Good Oomras M. G.	d 5 8-16
F. G. Oomras M. G.	d 5 10-16
Fine Oomras M G.	d 5 12-16
Good M. G. Oomras	d 5 6-16
Fine M. G. Oomras	d 5 10-16
Good Broach	d 5 11-16
F. G. Broach	d 5 11-32
Fine Broach	d 6
Good Khandeish	d 5 5-16
F. G. Khandeish	d 5 7-16
Good Tinnevelly... ...	d 6 2-16
Fair Red Cocoanada C. I. F. London	d 5 15-32
Coconada Ginned C I F London	d 5 19-32
G. M. Westerns C I F London	d 5 26-32

YARN.

40s Banner Mill Twist ...	10 1-2
George Mayall's Yarn ...	10 1-4

WHEAT.

heat White Karachi ...36 unchgd

Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.

Do. Name of Ports—London—Value.

heat Red Karachi ...Nominal.

one—Quiet but steady.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

ario Santa Fe—62lbs ...No sellers.

rletta Russo 62 1-2lbs ...No sellers.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...36 1-4—1-2

Do. Months—Oct.-Nov—Done.

Victorian ... 36 1-4—1-2

Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.— Done.

New South Wales ...36 1-4—1-2

Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.—Done.

SEEDS.

APESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ... Nominal.

Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... 51 3-4—1-4

Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.

Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.

rown Cawnpore ... 49 3-4+3-4

Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

one of Rapeseed—Easier.

SEED—

mbay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 75 unchgd

Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

ne of Linseed—Dull.

nseed Argentine—La Plata ...68 1-2—1-2

Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FEE—

New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 13 7-8 unchgd

BBER—

ra Rubber ...4 8—Sept.-Oct.—Value—Dull

TALS—

opper Braziers ... £ 66 1-2

ellow Metal ... d 61-8

andard Copper G. M. B. ... £ 55 1-16

ar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F. O. B. Antwerp........................ 4 16 6

on Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool 11 5 0

io Steel Bars Belgian C. I. F. India.. 5 11 3

IGHT—

als:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ...10·3 Value

AR—

rman Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ...19 5 1-4—Sellers.

Do. Months of Shipment...Nov.-Dec.

one—Dull. Quite neglected.

ungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...18 9—Nominal.

Do Months of Shipments ...Nov.-Dec.

one—Dull. Nothing whatever doing.

erman Beet-root 88 p.c. ...16 8 1-2—Sellers.

onths of Shipments ...October.

one—Market opened and closed weak.

E A R & Similar Crystal C & F India ...21 6—Nominal.

onths of Shipments ...March-Aug.

ne—Business almost at a standstill.

uritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...17-3—Value.

of Shipments ...Sept.-Oct.

uiet.

JAVA SUGAR.

C and F

Nov.—16 4 1-2—Value.

t.—1912—13-3—Val

Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... . Sept.-Nov.—16-6—Value.

July-Oct.—1912—13 4 1-2—Value.

Fine White Java C&F Calcutta ... . Sept.-Nov.—16 6—Value.

July-Oct —1912—15·6—Value.

Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... . Sept.-Nov.—16 7 1-2—Value.

July-Oct.—1912—15 7 1-2—Value.

General Tone—Tendency easy.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [30th Sept. 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
1 Box Bullion...	Rs. 76,800	London	Comptoir National
397 Bars Silver	7,05,000	do	Chartered Bank
43 Bars Silver	75,000	do	Eastern Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 28th Sept. 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	39	45,231
B B and C I Railway ...	32	37,305

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—We quote:—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 5-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-16d. to 11-32d.
Do. do France	...171 1-4
Do. do Marks	...139 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...132 1-2
Shanghai „	...176
Japan „	...150 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

Ready...	Rs. 94 11 0
Forward	„ 94 7 0

BULLION:—We quote:—

English Bar Gold „	Rs 24 0 0
Australian „	„ 24 0 0
Sovereigns „	„ 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	„ 61 11 0
„ 1st Settlement ...	„ 61 11 0
„ 2nd „ ...	„ 61 13 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

The Home markets continue to decline owing to heavy receipts at the United States Ports and free offering against ready purchases. The trade on the Continent seems to be improving and yesterday's export to America amounted to 41,000 bales. There is no doubt that the trade requirements will be increased owing to the present low prices, but it is open to question whether the farmers will continue to sell. The Southern markets, which were taking the lead of downward course, are steady since two days, and no appreciable decline has taken place in spot cotton.

Shippers continue to sell locally, but the Bazar seems to have filled the present requirements. Business for export is as difficult as before while ready cotton is moving very slowly.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	294	March,
Fine M G Wardha Hingunghat	„	292	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	„	290	„
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	„	281	„
Fine M G Khandeish ...	„	283	„
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	„	273	„
Fine M G Bengal	„	283	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal	„	278	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	„	274	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal	„	261	„

LIVERPOOL OPENES:—

Opening Tone	Easy.
Estimated Sales	4,000 bales
Total imports	10,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	
5·56	5·51	5·48	5·48	
—05	—05	—05	—05	
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	Apl.-May.	May-June
5 50	5·52	5·51	5·55	5·36
—05	—05	—05	—05	—06

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

	Bales.
Estimated Stock on 1st October 1910.	250,000
Receipts from 1st October, 1910 to 21st Sept. 1911...	2,495,032
	2,745,032
Shipments from 1st October, 1910 to 28th Sept. 1911	1,585,528
	1,159,504
Afloat —	2,737
	1,156,767
Estimated mill consumption and up-country by rail from 1st Oct up-to-date	945,000
Stock of Cotton in Bombay in all hands...	211,767

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—The market is steady. We quote:—

Ready ...	Rs. 11 15 0 B.T.
Forward ...	„ 13 0 0 B.T.

RAPESEED:—The market is easy. We Quote:—

Yellow Guzerat ready ...	Rs. 9 4 0 R.D.
Brown Bawan ready ...	„ 8 4 0 „

GINGELLYSEED:—The market is easy.

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs. 57 0 0 R.T.
Yellow Hinganghat ...	„ 62 4 0 „
Black Katni ...	„ 50 5 0 „

CASTORSEED:—Tone quiet. We Quote:—

Ready ... Rs. 7 9 0 R.T.

COTTONSEED:—Tone steady. We Quote:—

Ready ... Rs. 27 3 0

POPPYSEED:—Tone easy. We Quote:—

Ready ... Rs. 10 15 0 B.T.

MOWRASEED:—Tone steady. We quote:—

Ready ... Rs. 7 12 0 B.T.

WHEAT:—The market quiet. We quote:—

White Pissi ready ...	Rs. 5 1 0 R.T.
„ „ Apr.-May...	Rs. 5 8 0 „

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,740
Bank of India	66 1-2
Bank of Burma	133
Eastern Bank	77
Indian Specie	51

MILLS.

David	357 1-2
Kohinoor	630
Manockji Petit	2,512 1-2
New Great Eastern	163 3-4
Standard	895

PRESS.

Indian Cotton	142 1-2
New Berar	540

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	143 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	173
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord....	292 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill	1,130
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17
Treacher and Co	510

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	497 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday:—

Cotton	473	bales
Wheat	21,214	cwts.
Linseed	614	„
Rapeseed	1,654	„
Gingellyseed	1,062	„
Poppyseed	484	„
Groundnuts...	1,803	„
Castorseed	2,859	„
Rice	4,210	„
Myrabollams	Nil	
Cottonseed	3,916	„
Mowraseed	547	„
Gram	2,609	„
Joowar	3,248	„
Maize	83	„

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, Sept. 30.] [BOMBAY, Oct. 1.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
8 1-2 per cent. Consols ...	77 1-3		3-16
do. Rentes ...	93 3-4	un	chgd
1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	92 1-4	un	chgd
1-2 do. Gov. Securities...	63 11-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 5-16	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence...	24 7-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in New York ...	52 3-4	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris...	25-14 1-2	un	chgd
do. at Berlin...	20-49		1-2
do. do. New York...	4·86	1-4	
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills 3 months' sight .	21st Sept 4 2-16	1-4	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	4 1-4	1-8	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 3-8	1-8	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 5-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	2 5-8	1-8	
do. 7 day Market Loans...	2 3-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 31-32 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Quiet steady.

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England, about £325,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easier.	Dull.
Futures	...	Easy.
East Indian	...	......
Manchester	...	......
Total Sales	...	4,000 Bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export		1,000 „
Imports	...	10,000 „
Mid-Americans	...	5·86—25
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	...	9 7-8—1·8

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Sept.Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb
5·55	5·48	5·45	5·45	5·48
—06	—08	—03	—08	—07
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	April-May.	May-June.	
5·50	5·52	5·54	5·56	
—07	—07	—06	—06	

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	65,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year ...	40,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	53,000
Exports to Continent ...	72,000
Spot Cotton—	10·35—15

Futures—Month of Oct. 10·06—09

Futures—Month of Dec. 10·18—12

Declined on weakness in southern spot markets and to increased offerings and to southern selling of futures in the local market.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	... 10 9-16 unchgd
Futures—Month of Oct.	... 10·00—15
Do, do Dec.	... 10·03—13
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Quiet.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	1,490,000
Egyptian Visible Supply ...	82,000
East Indian do ...	94,000
American do ...	1,579,000
Other do ...	102,000
Total Sales	34,000
East Indian total sales ...	600
Total Speculation	1,000
Do. Exportation	3,000
East Indian Export	......
Do. Indian Stock	2,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer ...	1,000
Do. Actual Exports ...	1,800
Do. Week's Imports ...	1,000
Do. Speculation	......
Americans Afloat	270,000
East Indian	2,000
Total	298,000

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G. ...	d 5 1-16
F. G. Bengal M. G. ...	d 5 3 16
Fine Bengal M. G. ...	d 5 5-16
Good Bhownagger ...	d 5 7-16
F. G. Bhownagger ...	d 5 9-16
Fine Bhownagger ...	d 5 11-16
Good Oomras M. G. ...	d 5 8-16
F. G. Oomras M. G. ...	d 5 10-16
Fine Oomras M. G. ...	d 5 12-16
Good M. G. Oomras ...	d 5 6-16
Fine M. G. Oomras ...	d 5 10-16
Good Broach	d 5 10-16
F. G. Broach	d 5 9-16
Fine Broach	d 5 15-16
Good Khandeish	d 5 5-16
F. G. Khandeish... ...	d 5 7-16
Good Tinnevelly... ...	d 6 1-16
Grey shirtings 41-42 in. 38 yards 16×15	...8-0
„ „ 44 in. 38—38 1-2 yds 9lbs	...8-5
White „ 40-41 in. 40 yards 18 sqr	...10-7
„ nainsooks 43 in. 19 yards 22×21	...6-9

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi ...36 1-4+1-4

Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.

Do. Name of Ports—London—Nominal.

Wheat Red Karachi ...Nominal.

Tone—Firm.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe-62lbs. ...37 1-2 Sept-Oct—Sellers—Steady.

Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs. ...35 3-4 Jan-Feb—Sellers—Steady.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...36 1-2 + 1-4

Do. Month—Oct.-Nov.—Nominal

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship Nominal.

Do. Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c.ex-ship 54 3-4 unchgd

Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.

Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk.—Sellers.

Brown Cawnpore ...49 3-4 unchgd

Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.

Tone of Rapeseed—Dull.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 74 1-2—1-2

Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.

Do, Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Done.

Tone of Linseed—Quiet.

Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... Nominal

Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.

Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp.—Done.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) ... ... 14 1-8 +1-4

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...4 8—Sept.-Oct.—Value—Quiet.

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags ...19 5 1-4—Sellers.

Do. Months of Shipment ...Nov.-Dec.

Tone—Dull. Neglected.

Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...18 9 Nominal

Do. Months of Shipments ...Nov.-Dec.

Tone—Nominal.

German Beet-root 88 p. c ...16 8 1-4—Sellers.

Months of Shipments ...Oct.

Tone—Dull. Opened quiet closed steady.

E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ...21 6 —Nominal.

Months of Shipments ...Mar.-Aug.

Tone—Practically nothing doing.

Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...17 3 —Value.

Months of Shipments ...Sept.-Oct.

Tone—Quiet.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos 16×18 C and F Calcutta Sept.-Nov.—16 4 1-

July-Oct.—1912—1

Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... Sept.-Nov

July-Oct.—19

Fine White Java C& F C

Jul

Fine White Java bay and

Genera

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

GRAHAM—Sept 25, at Mercara, Coorg, the wife of John A Graham, of a daughter.

HUMPHREYS—Sept 28, at "Myrtle Cottage," Pursewakam, Madras, the wife of Mr H Farran Humphreys, Accountant, P W D, of a son.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, Star Attraction "John Manehot's Lie". Three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim:—"One's business ability can be measured by one's borrowing capacity."—JAPANESE PROVERB.

MAHOMEDANS AND THE TURF.—A meeting of the Mahomedans of Bombay will be held under the auspices of Anjuman Zia-ul-Islam in Falkland Road, to-morrow at 9 o'clock (S. T.), to give expression to their views as to the supression of gambling on the turf. Khan Saheb Kazi Mohammed Ali Murghay, J. P., Chief Kazi of Bombay, will preside.

SUICIDE OF A HINDU WOMAN.—Mr. E. T. Lambert, the Coroner, held an inquest on Saturday at the Morgue, touching the death of Luxmibai, a Hindu girl, aged 18, wife of a mali, named Govind Nema. It appeared from the evidence that the deceased quarrelled with another woman and left her home on Thursday, and was not heard of till Friday, when her body was found floating in a tank near her house at Matunga. The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

CHILDREN ROBBED OF ORNAMENTS.—Hussainmia Mamoomia, a Mahomedan, residing in Temker Street, has reported to the police that his daughter, aged 5, was playing with another girl in the street on Friday afternoon, when they were both enticed away by a Mahomedan, who took them to a goldsmith in Khetwadi, and had ornaments of the value of Rs. 192 removed from their person. The girls were found crying at Khetwadi by a Mahomedan, who brought them to the complainant's house.

MADRASSAI MAKHDUMIA AT MAHIM.—The opening ceremony of the school called "Makhdumia Madrassa" was performed by Moulvi Hajee Syed Gulam Mahomed Refai Peerzade in a building recently constructed by the trustees of the Durgah under the new scheme for the management of the funds, and the collections that are made from the offerings of the people who visit the Durgah to pay homage to the saint. The scheme was prepared by the Honourable the Advocate General and the necessary sanction was accorded by His Majesty's High Court. The school or Madrassa is opened with a view to imparting elementary education to Mahomedans.

CHURCHGATE STREET POST OFFICE.—The Master of the Bombay Presidency Trades Association has received the following letter from the Officiating Presidency Post Master, Bombay:—"With reference to my postal Notice, of 31st August, I have the honour to inform you that steps are being taken to retain on office permanently at Churchgate in the Old General Post Office. The present hours of business are from 7 a.m. to 7-30 p.m., but experience has shown that these hours are needlessly long, as the firms and business houses do not open before 10 o'clock. I propose, therefore, keeping the office open from 10-30 a.m. to 7 p.m., and to inquire if you see any objection to this."

SPECIAL MARRIAGE ACT.

Bombay Hindu Supporters.

Under the auspices of the local Hindu reformers a public meeting of the Hindu citizens of Bombay was held in the Framji Cowasji Hall, Dhobitalao on Saturday evening, to support the Hon'ble Mr. Basu's Special Marriage Act Amendment Bill. The Hon'ble Mr. Goculdas Kallandas Parekh was called to the chair.

In opening the proceeding the chairman pointed out that the wrong impressions, which existed in the mind of many bigotted and orthodox Hindus, were not justified by their own books of religion. The Shastras could give them instances of divorce and marriage with members of different communities. The Shastras had all along defended the rights of women and the proposed amendment of the Act which only meant justice and fairness should not be objected to. If man enjoyed certain privileges and rights, why should they be denied to woman. From the religious, moral and practical points of view the Hon'ble Mr. Basu's Bill deserved support and to give it their support they had met together that evening.

On the motion of Dr. Bhandarkar a resolution approving of the proposed amendment of the Act was unanimously passed and on the motion of Dr. Kirtikar the meeting accorded their full sympathy and approval to the petition drawn up in support of the Bill, to be forwarded to the Viceroy.

Three cheers were given for Mr. Basu and the proceedings terminated.

ARRIVALS.

Per s s. "Bohemia," Sept. 30

The following passengers arrived here by the Austrian Lloyd s. s. "Bohemia," from Trieste and intermediate ports on Saturday morning:—

Appleton, Major and Mrs A F and infant and nurse
Arthur, Mrs M
Arthur, Miss
Alexander, Miss
Ambler, Mrs B
Bonsfield, Major J F
Bramley, Mr P
Brown, Mr F W
Beer, Mr O
Bauser, Mr A
Blytt, Miss
Coombes, Mr R J
Clarence, Sister
Clubwalla, Mr D C
Contractor, Mr M P
Crisp, Mr and Mrs
Dart, Mr and Mrs J W
Durack, Mr
Davies, Major W B
Donnenberg M
Diozene, Siste
Dinshaw,
deSouza
Eisen
Ei

Haynes, Lt A G O
Hannie, Miss C
Henderson, Mr and Mrs R C
Klip, Mr
Khan, Mr G A
Lamb, Mrs 2 chi infant and maid
Lubke, Mrs
Langricke, Ca
McNeale, M
Mackenzi
Mistry
Mur
M

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

RIOTERS' CONVICTION CONFIRMED.

ON the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell and Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar disposed of an appeal from a decision of Mr. B. C. Kennedy, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, who convicted Mansing Shabhai and another of rioting and culpable homicide not amounting to murder, and sentenced the first accused to two and the second to four years' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. D. A. Khare appeared for the accused; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

From the evidence, it appeared that at Pirana, there is a tomb of a Pir and its worshippers are Hindus. There were disputes regarding the management of the property and the complainant's story was that he went during the Roza days to pray, when he received violent blows from three persons. He tried to escape, but found the doors shut. One Pintamber attracted by his cries forced open the door and the complainant rushed out when he was again attacked by four or five persons. Chhagan, a member of one of the factions called for help and he was attacked by four or five persons. He was very seriously injured and subsequently died.

Agreeing with the assessors, the Sessions Judge convicted the accused and sentenced them as above-stated.

Their Lordships confirmed the convictions and sentences, and dismissed the appeal.

BARA IMAM DURGAH.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar disposed of the suit brought by Ali Miya, Hussein Miya and another against Cassum Ebrahim and others in respect of the Bara Imam Durgah.

Mr. Jafferbhoy with the Advocate-General, instructed by Messrs. Jamshedji, Rustomji and Devidass, appeared for the plaintiffs; the first two defendants did not appear; the third defendant was represented by Mr. Mirza and Mr. Khan, instructed by Messrs. Mirza and Mirza.

The plaintiffs stated that at the Deccani Moholla in Bombay, there was a Durgah known as the Bara Imam, built about 100 years ago for charitable purposes. The first Muzavir was Sheikh Hussein and was succeeded by Sheikh Malany after two generations. In December, 1896, Sheikh Malang made a will appointing four persons as executors to manage the Durgah until his grandson, the third defendants, attained his majority, when he (third defendant) was to be the Muzuvir. Malang died in July, 1897, and the executors managed the property until 1901 when new trustees were appointed in their place by the High Court. On attaining his majority, the third defendant, they alleged, took forcible possession of the Durgah, and in 1904 with the aid of the trustees, he arranged to mortgage the property to Dr. Cowasji Motabhoy for Rs. 5,000.

The plaintiffs submitted that Malang had no power to dispose of this public, charitable and religious property. They, therefore, prayed for a scheme for the due administration of the Durgah for various other reliefs.

The third defendant, in his written statement, said that this suit, having once been dismissed as against him in June last, could not now be proceeded with and it was therefore, not maintainable; besides the consent given by the Advocate-General to this suit was bad in law. He denied having taken forcible possession and said that he was always in possession of the Durgah since the death of his grandfather. He alleged that the suit was vexatious and continued out of feelings of enmity with a view to annoy and harass him and submitted that the same should be dismissed with costs.

After hearing the evidence, his Lordship declared the property to be charitable and religious property; the third defendant was allowed to remain Muzavir for life but was liable to be removed for misconduct, three trustees were to be appointed of the property and the plaintiff was to replace Kasam Ebrahim as one of the trustees.

ADMINISTRATION SUIT SETTLED.

ON the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday afternoon, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell disposed of the suit brought by Kaikhusro F. Markar against Bachoobai Hormusji B. Dantra and others, being the executors of the late Bai Shirinbai B. Dantra for the administration of the deceased's estate.

The Advocate-General and Mr. Jardine appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. Bahadurji and Mr. J. D. Davar were for the defendants.

The case has been reported.

After some arguments, the parties came to a settlement by which the plaintiff was to get Rs. 12,934 instead of certain shares of joint stock companies and his share in the profits of those shares and Rs. 700 as costs. One-sixth of the defendants' taxed costs and the Rs. 700 were to be deducted from the Rs. 12,934.

POLICE COURTS.

AMERICAN'S EXTRAORDINARY BEHAVIOUR.

ON Saturday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Guider charged an American, named Charles F. Dougharty, with the theft of a knife and with trespass. The case for the prosecution was that on Friday afternoon the accused, who was then in an intoxicated condition, went to Gordon House at Apollo Bunder, and sat on a chair in the residen of Mr. A. R. King. A peon, in the emplo Mr. King, asked the accused to leave the but the latter would not do so. Th then went into the kitchen and, picking walked out. He next betook hi American Consulate at Roosevelt H ing the knife. He entered the a servant snatched the knife knelt before two ladies who them to spare him. O Inspector O'Brien went the accused.

The accused ad Consulate, but he did there, at the Sai the face, by oth

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER.

Annual Meeting.

The fourth annual general meeting of the Bombay Indian Merchants' Chamber was held on Saturday afternoon, at the Chamber's offices, the Hon'ble Mr. Manmohandass Ramji presiding.

The chairman, in course of his speech, in moving the adoption of the report, which has already been published, said:—

Unfortunately this year we are to face a famine; the area of which will be widely extended unless in the near future the aspect of the season changes altogether. Already the distress is acute, especially to cattle which are suffering from want of fodder and water. The Government, we are glad to note, has awakened to the needs of the situation and has opened relief camps wherever necessary. Irrigation is one of the greatest safeguards against famine in a country like ours. Large schemes of irrigation are good in their own way and are likely to do incalculable good to the country. But the maturing of these projects takes time, and means a great deal of money which it is not found convenient, sometimes, to spend. In the meanwhile we are neglecting an easy and available means of irrigation and this is what is known as well-irrigation. It costs little and takes up but little time, though it acts as a potent safeguard against famine.

You will find from the report that a Sub-Committee was appointed by the University to consider the question of commercial education. It is a great step gained and is expected to lead to tangible good results. It is a veritable truism now to say that commerce and industry depend to the greatest possible extent upon education, which has played a memorable part in the development and advancement of Western countries. The institution of a Commercial Degree will place on a solid foundation, the question of commercial education. Whether this takes the form of a chair or a college remains to be seen, though I hope that the Government in co-operation with the generous public will make it possible to have a college of commerce.

PASSION FOR RACING.

I now turn to another topic, the passion for racing. This originally noble sport has been degraded into gambling of the worst type. I venture to think, gentlemen, that the time for silence and reserve has now gone. Too much has been lost already by reserve and want of outspoken comments. It must be plainly and frankly said that gambling on horse-racing has degraded our commercial life and that not a few commercial failures and disasters have to be attributed to it. It is because of this that I cordially welcome the action of the Bombay Government to put under restraint, the gambling which goes on in the name of racing. It is argued by the racing fraternity that any restraints on racing would result in a decadence in the breed of horses and would not induce the merchants to import good horses. This is an extremely fallacious argument, which might be well replied to by saying that there might be special prizes declared for different races as an inducement to owners and merchants to enter good horses. In fact we are not against racing, but against its base degradation into gambling. I hope that the steps proposed by the Bombay Government will be carried out soon. Before I conclude, I should like to express my deep thanks to the Government who have from the beginning evinced deep interest in this chamber and shown their practical sympathy by helping us in all possible ways and to the public for their appreciation of the humble work we are doing.

Mr. Purshotamdass Thakoredass, in course of his speech in seconding the proposition, said:—

For the last two years, the revelations in joint Stock Companies have agitated the public mind very considerably. The intentions of the Government in better safe-guarding the interests of investors in joint stock company concerns are well-known. Checks imposed by legislation in business affairs are always to be guarded against, but I think our present methods in joint stock working can, very well, bear modification. As regards Auditors, I think, auditors having licenses from Government in addition to their own qualifications would effect much good. As to the banking capacities of joint stock companies, I do not suppose any check is advisable on their capacity to receive money, but it would be a good thing to prevent Joint Stock Companies, excepting banks, of course, from advancing money on credit to any but banking concerns or by investing the same in securities. I would here draw your attention to this Chamber's letter dated the 11th of January 1910, to Government, in which some restrictions are suggested in the interests of depositors in Joint Stock Companies with special reference to giving lines by mortgage on properties of the companies. I strongly feel that we must appreciate Government's motives in this matter in view of the very negligent manner in which Indian shareholders as a rule, look after their interests in joint stock companies, but I would very firmly submit that legislation must not be based on any lines likely to cripple ventures by joint stock trading. It is necessary to think on this subject without being carried away by the exceptional revelations that have been lately made in t matter of some of the concerns.

With reference to the steadily rising food stuffs and produce in India, a Comm been appointed to report on this mo question and we shall await the repo derable anxiety and interest.

The report was then adopted tions having been passed, the with a vote of thanks to th

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IPPING INTELLIGENCE

he B I S N Co's steamer Talamoutta, 2,207 tons, ain Cutbush, arrived in harbour on Saturday from dan via Zanzibar &c, with a general cargo and sengers.

he steamer Norkcowe, 1,074 tons, Captain Jones, ived in harbour on Saturday from Mauritius, with neral cargo.

he B I S N Co's steamer 951 tons, Captain H Rothwell, arrived in harbour on Saturday from achi, with a general cargo and passengers.

he steamer Brasiliana, 3,894 tons, Captain Snowdon ived in harbour on Saturday from Calcutta with cargo of coal.

rian Lloyd's S N Co's steamer Bohemia, Captain Cabal, arrived in harbour yester- te, with a general cargo and passengers.

Line steamer Lindenfels, 3,525 tons, van, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta with tom cargo.

O Co's mail steamer Salsette, 2,391 tons, H Lewellin, sailed on Saturday for Aden, ral cargo and passengers.

an East Africa Line steamer President, Captain Brenmerd, sailed on Saturday for so, with a general cargo and passengers.

strian Lloyd S N Co's steamer Africa, 2,565 tain Seberich, sailed yesterday for Trieste, eneral cargo and passengers.

ommittee of the Bombay Chamber of Com- ve decided that Friday, 29th Sept. should d as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels nce's and Victoria Docks.

EN- ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

hflyer...Capt James...D Dick R N Flagship
fferin...Comdr...Huddleston R I Troopship
rdinge ...Comdr ... ..Luck ..... do
yo...Lt Comdr.........Jones...... do
nto .....Comdr Latouche ....Troopship
vestigators...Capt. G N Forteath...R N R... Survey Str

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3412 Barcham...Shanghai......P & O Co
...3609 Grant ....Philadelphia... Standard Oil Co
.. 2447 Hond......Antwerp .....T M & Co
ce......2468 Cargill ....A Yule & Co
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.....555 Wratt...............K Nixon & Co
...3096 Williams...............P & O Co
2124 Lane ... .M M & Co
1368 Kilner... ...... Do
820 Crebbin .... T Morrison & Co
..2846 Parker ....Killick Nixon & Co
934 Penny ...Karachi...29-9...M M & Co
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870 Nomura...Kobe ...6-10... N Y Kaisha
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Jones ....B & H S N Co
Farquharson.........M M & Co
almer......London ......7-10 ... P & O & Co
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rmed ... .M M & Co
P D
ed...Repairing...Bo S N Co
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	bal	Trieste, Sept 16
	......	Mauritius
	......	Calcutta, Sept 18
	...	Karachi
		Ancona, Sept 11
	don	
	hai, &c	

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The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 2nd October 1911.

LORD NORTHCOTE.

The death of Lord Northcote recalls his connection with this country as Governor of Bombay, his period of office—cut short when he became first Governor-General of Australia—coming between those of Lord Sandhurst and Lord Lamington. One of the earliest of the notable measures that the Legislative Council was called upon to deal with under the presidency of Lord Northcote was a legacy from the previous regime. This was the District Municipalities Act by which local self-government in the mofussil was greatly enlarged. By that Act the number of towns in the Presidency enjoying municipal privileges in local administration was increased and the Municipalities, as a body, were invested with greater responsibility for the good government and sanitary well-being of their areas than they had previously possessed. Unhappily this increase of power came at a time when all the local authorities were suffering from a chronic want of funds owing to the terrible drain of expenditure occasioned by the plague. The passing of the Act provided the mofussil towns with the instrument of their regeneration. At the same session an amendment of the Port Trust Act was carried. The disposal of this legislation left the way clear for other important measures which had been long under the consideration of the Government. Of these, the one fraught with the most far-reaching effects was the amendment of the Bombay Land Revenue Code. Introduced without any remarkable display of feeling against the Bill, by the time it reached the second reading it had aroused an amount of opposition unusual in Bombay. By public meetings and an extraordinary agitation, the opponents the measurs sought to induce Govern- to withdraw a Bill, which they would effect a revolution in the enue System of the Presidency. was designed to benefit the successive years of famine meet his revenue liabi-

d to wipe off all the condition the forfeiture Government ccupation ich he ene-

ment of the Bombay City Land Revenue Act and the last an amendment of the Abkari Act to regulate the sale of methylated spirit. So far as he was able Lord Northcote drew on his privy purse for money which the State should have furnished, and especially in the administration of relief and in the assistance of charitable undertakings, was he able to take a more personally active part than any of his predecessors.

Lord Northcote, owing to the financial situation was hampered from beginning to end; he had special and notorious reasons for proceeding with caution. Bombay was in a greatly perturbed condition when he arrived. We had gone through a series of riots and disturbances of political agitation and intrigue, and the feeling between the ruled and the rulers had been seriously embittered. The sensation of unrest and distrust had not passed away. But during the administration of Lord Northcote that feeling completely died out, and he left all sections of the community as nearly friendly as can ever be looked or hoped for. In his famine administration, Lord Northcote encountered much opposition. Yet he showed his true grit in having complaints thoroughly investigated and having discovered the truth he acted with justice—justice which, however, was tempered with mercy, or he would have handled those who offended against him in the manner adopted with so much success by his predecessor. A dinner at the Byculla Club brought Lord Northcote's term of office to a close. In his speech, Lord Northcote lamented that he had not more to show in he sum total of achievements, but as he said in his apt quotation from the Patriarch Jacob, "Few and evil have been the days of the years of my life." He took occasion to invite an increase of sympathy and patience with the Improvement Trust which His Excellency refused to abolish. The Trust, then under Mr. Rebsch, was irregularly unpopular at the time. The City Improvement Trust, said Lord Northcote, "has about the biggest contract on its hands of any public body in India, it is a new body, it has had to come into collision with powerful vested interests, and to be grumbled at by people who think improvements can be carried out as easily and rapidly as their utility can be demonstrated. No doubt, some initial mistakes were committed by the Trust—they have been acknowledged, and are not likely to be repeated. Some work, however, has already been accomplished." His Lordship's defence of the body gave it a new lease of life and added a final success to the long list of acheivements which must stand to his crdit as Governor of Bombay.

ITALY AND TURKEY. ITALY'S action against Turkey has not met with approval, but that counts for little if her own people remain loyal. The Hague Tribunal might easily have prevented the conflict if the two Powers had agreed to refer their cases to it. But the probability is the war will "fizzle out" before much mischief is done and before the two have really come to grips. So far as combined military and naval strength is concerned there is little difference between the two, though the advantage, if any, is on the side of Italy, and we doubt not she is better prepared, or she would not have rushed so unhesitatingly into the fight. Italy has a field army of twelve army corps and three cavalry divisions of six brigades. The strength is about four hundred thousand combatants to which must be added some 326,000 mobile militia. The regular troops are armed with the Mannlicher Carcano magazine rifle and the field artillery has just been re-armed with 7.5 Krupp guns of the 1906 model. On a peace strength Italy has 13,617 officers, 225,000 men and 53,062 horses and mules. She has eight modern battleships, 3 old, 7 armoured cruisers, 14 protected cruisers, 13 torpedo gun-boats, 21 destroyers, 37 modern torpedo-boats, 54 old craft and 7 sub-marines, manned by 1,898 officers and 28,500 men. Turkey it is calculated might be able to put 420,000 men in the field, but that is not certain as the Army, like the Navy, is at present undergoing reorganisation; 365,000 combatants seems more like the effective strength. Her Navy has less than a thousand officers and 39,000 men. It has ten battleships, but only three of them are modern and three cruisers, only one of which is of recent date, four new destroyers, eight others, 14 torpedo-boats and a variety of small gunboats.

It is of course impossible to foretell the effects of this conflict, though at the moment there appears no reason to anticipate that other nations will be drawn into it. But so far as England is concerned trouble in these waters—the Adriatic and the South and South-east Mediterranean may lead to considerable inconvenience and incidentally, danger to communications between her and Egypt, India and Australia. The mail route must of course be deflected to Marseilles for Brindisi is much too near the Turkish st to be considered safe from attack. ish invasion of Italy in force is prac- n impossibility, but Italy has a long d coast line and sufficient troops nded, to harass the people munications. Germany's Powers that the field restricted is based of interruption Powers cannot ase hostilities m to fight however, ipping be ce

Government, does not seem to have been noticed by recent writers. It was owing to an incident that occurred at Zagazig near Tel el Kebir in the morning after the battle which was fought during the night. The telegraphs were already in the hands of the British, and the Superintendent, an Englishman at Zagazig, got into communication with Sami Pacha, one of Arabi's generals at Damietta and also with Constantinople, which places were without news of the battle. The Superintendent, Mr. Clarke, quickly discovered that Arabi had been in regular communication with the Porte, which encouraged him in the hope of finding a reason for active interference in Egypt. Arabi had fled to Cairo leaving his scattered army at Tel el Kebir; he was promptly caught and condemned to death by court-martial, but the British authorities found him work more alive than dead on account of the incriminating evidence he could give against Turkey. Arabi, in spite of an unusual knowledge of the Koran and the gift of eloquence as a preacher, was very ignorant of ordinary things. When about to block the Suez Canal, a measure that any real soldier would have carried out with all speed he allowed himself to be dissuaded by M. de Lesseps who said:—"What is the use of blocking the canal: you won't stop the road to India. The English can always go round by the Cape of Good Hope". "Is there really another way to India?" enquired Arabi. He would tell his followers with pride as he looked out at the British fleet before Alexandria that he had only to lift a finger to send any of these ships to the bottom of the sea. But although his guns and ammunition far exceeded those of the British fleet in number and quantity his gunners were very few in number and being quite unprotected were all killed quite early in the day of the bombardment of the town. Arabi had given an undertaking not to mount more guns in the batteries of Alexandria or to strengthen them, but he continued this work by night until exposed by the search lights of the fleet. Among the correspondence found in the office of the Ministry of Marine after the bombardment was a letter addressed by an Arab engineer officer to Arabi Pasha in the following terms: "Being occupied on the works of the Kabibi Fort on the night of 9th July the English suddenly threw a light upon us as if it had been the day. This so terrified the men that were working in my charge that they ran away and would not be persuaded to return. Now as this is contrary to the usages and custom of war I feel it my duty to inform your Excellency." It is no wonder if Arabi Pasha failed in all his military adventures.

FAMINE IN ENGLAND. THE hot and dry weather of this summer in England has put the people in a pretty predicament. It is reported that the only alternative to a vegetable famine is—we quote the grim language of the *Standard*—"a year of steady, insistent and abundant rain." One can easily imagine the terror of the Englishman at the prospect. Only a year ago he was almost washed out of his native country; and now when he is yet unrecovered from his astonishment, at having once more known a real summer, he is brutally told to pray for a year of rain. A *year* of rain, and not even ordinary rain at that; but a year of steady, insistent and abundant rain. One can imagine him with a terrible shudder, shoving his head in the nearest water-butt to get it over quickly. Or if he be a person of stern resolution, setting out on a long, long round of savourless meals of sausage without any mash, of lamb without any mint and even—horrible thought—roast beef without any horse-radish! The humble cabbage will become the luxury of the pampered rich and home without the homely potato will be home no more. The quotation of a few sober figures will show that the situation is really serious. Vegetables are so scarce that prices have risen enormously. The effect is very noticeable in the restaurants, where the diner frequently finds his choice of vegetables restricted to two. In Covent Garden extraordinary prices are paid. Marrows, which last year could be bought for 4s. for a tally of 60, now fetch 18s. for the same quantity. Cabbages, which last year were 5s. per tally, this year are worth 12s. or 14s. and French beans, which twelve months ago, sold for 2s. per bushel, cannot now be got for less than 14s. or 16s. In regard to potatoes prices have not risen so much, as on account of the heat wave there has been an earlier gathering of the intermediate crop. Even here however it is reported that stocks will soon be low, unless there is a very wet winter.

MR. H. C. MULES, M.V.O., has resigned the presidency of the Karachi Municipality.

IT is understood that under the new system of artillery commands in India, Brigadier-General Mercer from the Southern Army will be the Inspector of Artillery at Army Headquarters, Simla.

A PRESS *communique* states that gentlemen, who desire to wear court dress at future Viceregal Levees and Courts, will be permitted to do so.

IT is understood that a despatch will shortly be sent to the Secretary of State on the subject of the proposed Mahomedan University at Aligarh.

THE NAWA of Amb in the Hazara District has just given a donation of one lakh of rupees to the projected Islamia College at Peshawar.

HER HIGHNESS Nandkuoverba Maharani, Saheba of Bhavnagar, has liberally contri- towards the concert that is organised to ce at Simla, on the 10th October, for of Her Excellency Lady Hardinge's nd.

M. A. of Ludhiana, is harge of cheating for that he managed Law and Sceince no such ins- cused was

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

MOROCCO.

Anti-British Attacks.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, SEPT. 16.

PARIS is perhaps more optimistic now than it has been since the resumption of the negotiations, that is to say, there is a more general belief in the probability of a settlement before long, although it is beginning to be said that France is paying rather dearly for the right to assume the no slight burden of a protectorate—for it now seems to be tacitly understood that this is to be the result of the pact with Germany.

This is a somewhat strange result for those who remember the frequent assurances given to M. Jaures and the Socialists that nothing was further from the idea of the Government than to undertake fresh responsibilities in Morocco. The irresistible force of circumstances has, however, been too strong for what was sincerely the wish and intention of France two years ago, and already, as it was remarked to me to-day, "the mutes are preparing for the funeral of the Act of Algeciras."

If Germany agrees, generally speaking, with the views of France, as supposedly set forth in the Note that has reached Berlin on Thursday evening, it will remain to draw up a treaty, presumably between France and the Moorish Sultan—something after the pattern of the Treaty of Bardo with the Bey of Tunis in 1881—and another with Germany accepting fully the stipulations of the former. The range of subjects to be covered is so wide that the Bardo Treaty could not suffice alone to serve as a model, but there is no lack of international agreements which provide for the rights and interests of other Powers indirectly besides those of the contracting parties, and to mention only a few which may be laid under tribute there is the Treaty of Seoul for the annexation of Korea, the Anglo-French Agreement of 1904, concerning Morocco and Egypt, and the Afghanistan Convention between England and Russia, not to speak of the Act of Algeciras itself.

The question of foreign and financial relations and military support, as also that of diplomatic, resident, and joint French and Moorish control of the public services, may be considered practically settled by the precedents established in Tunis, Korea, Egypt, and Afghanistan, and from the moment that Germany proposes and France accepts a protectorate the duties of the protecting Power are also distinctly laid down in former treaties of a similar nature. We have only to take Article IV. of the Afghanistan Convention and substitute France and Germany for England and Russia to have the following text:—"The Governments of the French Republic and of the German Empire declare that in Morocco they recognise the principle of equality of treatment in all that concerns commerce, and agree that all the facilities which have been or shall, in future, be acquired by French subjects shall also be enjoyed by German trade and traders." Even if France wished to concede more it would be impossible, under Article IV. of the Anglo-French Agreement of 1904, in which it is laid down that "the two Governments, equally attached to the principle of commercial liberty in Egypt, as well as in Morocco, declare that they will not lend themselves to any inequality either in the fixing of the Customs dues or other taxes or in establishing the railway tariffs." And in the matter of favoured participation in contracts for public works, Articles 105 and 106 of the Act of Algeciras explicitly forbid anything of the sort.

GERMANY'S WAY OUT.

If Germany frankly recognises these facts—and it appears impossible for her to escape their bearing on Morocco—and is really desirous of finishing the rather wearisome, trying, and costly bout of diplomatic fencing in which she has engaged herself, it is felt here that there should be very little difficulty in her acceptance of the French Note, which is a mere embodiment of traditional terms for a protectorate—at least, such is the confidently asserted version of it in Paris to-day. There is absolutely no inside information obtainable as yet, but the uncontradicted statements freely made during the last few days, taken in conjunction with various remarks attributed to Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter himself, seem to point to the conclusion that the estimate formed of the situation is not very far from being a true one. The principal divergence between Paris and Berlin accounts lies in the Germans being credited here with having demanded extraordinary economic privileges, whereas the Berlin newspapers vehemently protest that this was not the case. Until the text of the German demands is published it is impossible to decide which is right, but probably the whole matter will be settled before any publication is made, so that it is superfluous to argue further over the subject—at least, this is the apparent view of the optimists.

There are many, however, who do not altogether share them. These are convinced that Germany did demand extarvagant commercial favours and if she has abandoned her position, it is because she not only saw France firm, but the other Powers irritated at her self-contradictory claims for more than the "open door" for herself and less for them. The fear is expressed that, being forced to yield on Morocco, she will prove more exacting in the Congo and continue the discussion in the hopes of wearying the patience of France or entrapping her into some false step.

The principal evening newspapers are reserved in their comments more, so than has been the case for the past week, for it seems to be felt that France is now on the edge of the Rubicon, and there is no need to talk now that her supposed last word is already at Berlin. A sudden sensation was created in Paris by a telegram from Nancy, that a patrol of Uhlans had been perceived eight or nine miles inside French territory and within a few miles of Luneville. It did not obtain much credence and was followed in an hour or two by official and private contradiction; and if any Germans whatever were really seen they can only have been a few deserters intending to enlist in the Foreign Legion—a by no means unusual occurrence.

OBSTACLES TO AGREEMENT.

The following statement, which, though obtained from the "best informed quarters", need not be regarded too seriously. There is no indication in the best-informed quarters in London of the optimism which has been exhibited during the past few days in Berlin. If this optimism, it is pointed out, is merely based on the statement that Germany in her counter-proposals has laid no claims to special privileges in Morocco, such optimism is not based on fact. Such assertions cause amazement to those who know the contents of the German Note. The report that Germany has asked for a participation of 30 per cent. in connection with railway and other enterprises concerned in transport in Morocco is perfectly true. Not only is this the case, but in portions of Morocco, where there are German interests of a special character—as for instance, in the Sus district—it will be found that the German proposals have in view a participation of more than twice 30 per cent., a preponderating share which has special reference to all enterprises where German industrial interests might be concerned. The German proposals, it is added, contain, in fact, so many restrictions that, while conferring upon Germany many privileges they only impose upon France heavy obligations.

It is, therefore, obvious that France's reply must on certain points be "a non possumus." At the same time it will contain certain counter-proposals which it is hoped, will in many respects occasion satisfaction in Berlin. The reply will be of such a character that, if it is so desired, the negotiations will continue—although an immediate conclusion is hardly to be looked for—as France is quite willing to continue discussions, always with the one proviso that economic equality of the Powers in Morocco must be their essential basis. As Morocco occupies the entire field, the matter of an exchange of territory retires to the background, but it is anticipated that, should the desired and expected solution be reached, there will be concluded a Franco-German treaty providing for an exchange of French Congo territory for a portion of the northern Kamerun.

ANTI-BRITISH CAMPAIGN.

In pursuance of its systematic anti-English campaign, the "National Zeitung" prints an interview with "the representative of a Great Power not immediately concerned with the unravelling of the Morocco question," who is reported to have said:

"All the Cabinets know that neither Germany nor France wants war. Great Britain alone has an interest in embroiling France and Germany. London is obsessed by a cauchemar d'invasion, and gazes as if hypnotised at the German Fleet. It is no indiscretion to say that in the British Navy, Germany is regarded with the same eyes which Rome once looked at her opponent Carthage. In England there are certain influential circles which they daily repeat their 'ceterum censeo' with a definite meaning.

"We know that it is always the same policy which is pursued on the Thames, whether Gladstone is speaking against Turkey, or Mr. Lloyd George denouncing Germany, whether it is a question of setting Japan and Russia at one another, or fomenting unrest in the Balkans or in Persia.

"At the present moment Germany is everywhere the Power that is becoming troublesome for England. The Russo-German Agreement as to Persia, the rapprochement of Turkey and Germany, and finally the inevitable understanding between Berlin and Paris as to Morocco, were too many good things for Germany for England to watch calmly. The least that could be done was to spoil the business of German diplomacy at Paris as far as possible. And that has been done. In diplomatic circles there is no doubt as to England's attitude and her motives.

"Of course, no Government can permit itself critical remarks. We are all aware that after the well-known Ministerial declarations the German Ambassador made earnest representations to Sir E. Grey. The Cartwright affair also belongs to this chapter.

A polemical telegram by the Berlin correspondent of the "Kolnische Zeitung" deals with the suggestions in the foreign Press that Germany's financial weakness should be used against her diplomatically and with M. Delcasse's speeches, but concludes with the statement:

"The last official and, it is true, quite brief views of the French Government admit the conclusion that it believes in the successful conclusion of the negotiations, and we can only associate ourselves with this opinion."

It is not quite clear whether this refers to the statement published in Paris or to a communication by diplomatic channels.

GERMAN FINANCIAL UNREST.

Every day brings fresh evidence of the growing popular feeling against the German Government on account of the losses caused to investors of all classes through the alarmist reports published concerning the present dispute with France. Accusations are directed against the Government that the interests of a very large proportion of the German nation have been recklessly sacrificed by diplomatists, who have been blind to the fact that investors, including in this prosperous country very considerable numbers of the lower middle classes and the labouring population, depend on a general feeling of security from international troubles for their financial prosperity. The alarming rumours in circulation recently have involved tens of thousands of Germans in very serious losses, and there is a strong tendency to attribute the blame to the game of "bluff" played by the German Foreign Office. It is pointed out that the losses suffered by the German nation at home will far outweigh any success which Germany may achieve in the direction of territorial expansion in Africa, and, consequently, a demand is being put forward that the Government shall show more consideration for the needs of those who have saved and invested money. Many industries are entering upon a period of depression caused by the general feeling of uncertainty, business men being unwilling to run the risk of loss on new ventures of any kind so long as there is any talk of war. Such rumours, it is argued, ought never to have been circulated, and, when found to be current should have been promptly suppressed by emphatic official denials.

During the last few days the Government has given private assurances to several prominent financiers that there is no danger whatever of war, but it is generally thought that a definite public announcement on this point ought to have been made in the interest of the public. The result of the discontent engendered by the sacrifice of investors to the requirements of diplomacy will be to give the support of large numbers of business men and small investors to the Socialist party at the approaching general election.

INDIAN LEGUMINOUS PLANTS.

Our London Correspondent writes:—Sir George Birdwood, whose pen is never idle, has an interesting note in this week's number of Journal of the Royal Society of Arts Supplementary, a recent article in that production of the Pea Nut industry of Marseilles. He points out that the article in question is defective for Anglo-Indian readers in not stating that the "Pea-nut" is their "Earth-nut," "Ground-nut," and "Manila" gram ["gram"—Cicer arietinum, the "Chick pea"], the "Arachis hypogæa of Linneous, known to the natives of India by the names of mung-phali [Phaseolus Mungo fruit], "bhui-chana" [Earth-gram] "chini-badam" [Chinese-almond], and vilati-mung [Foreign-mung] etc. etc; this leguminous plant, although now cultivated over all India and the East Indies, from Abyssinia to China, being a native of South America; and one of the numerous economic plants of that continent introduced through the intermediation of the formerly puisant Portuguese into Africa and Asia; one of the greatest services rendered by any nation to humanity at large, but for which they never get any credit in the standard histories of Portugal. For tastefulness, he continues, the "Earth-nut," or "Pea-nut may be classed with the "Cashew-nut," and the "Pistachio nut," the "Pistache de terre" of the French; but all three are most indigestible. The oil, in salads, is a good enough substitute for olive oil; but both olive oil and "Pea-nut" oil are inferior in delicacy of smell and taste to almond oil; while almond oil itself must yield the palm for purity of savour to Sesamum oil, which from the first dawnings of human history in the valleys of the Tigris and Euphrates, and the Nile has been used throughout the East for food, both in grain and the oil pressed from it, and the oil also for lighting purposes; this latter use of it having given rise to the phrase:—"Open Sesame!"—meaning, simply, as we should say "Strike a light," "Bring a candle," "Open up the darkness," "Open Wheat!" "Open Rye!" "Open Barley!" were of no avail, and only when Kasim cried "Open Sesame!" was the treasure in "Ali Baba and the Forty Thieves" revealed. I was the first to point this out in the first edition of my official "Catalogue of the Economic Botanical Products" of the Government Central Museum, afterwards [1857-8] enlarged into the Victoria and Albert Museum, Bombay. Cotton and Sesamum are the two most reliable crops in All India; and the proverb runs throughout Southern India:—"When a failure [of the harvest] is feared, at once sow Sesamum." He adds:—"Along the illuminant coast of western India the fish through which used by the fisher, and, as required, lighted a wick is remarkable that the brazen lamps used in the temples of the Concan, and up over the "ghats," in the valleys on their Deccan slopes, is formed on the longitudinal section of a fish, head and tail and all, with a cup-like hollow, below its belly, to serve as a pedestal, and hold the oil, the wick being drawn out into its head.

The curious conclusion of the French observer, MM. Legendre and Pieron, that sleep is due to a sort of poisoning of the brain has, according to a scientific contemporary, been much discussed. It is, the French experimenters contend, produced by a morbid change in certain cells of the frontal lobe of the brain. And this poison is held to act as an anti-toxin, and to neutralise in the higher nerve centres the poisons produced by the fatigues of the day. The poison of sleep, in fact, is believed to be an antidote for all the poisonous by-products produced in the human body by every mental and physical action.

A Royal Warrant is about to be issued increasing the pensions of officers commissioned from the ranks. Hitherto the maximum amount obtainable irrespective of total service, has been £200 per annum. This amount will now be issued to quartermasters, ridingmasters, inspectors of schools, and commissaries of ordnance after ten years' commissioned service sum of £10 per annum will be tional year's service up to a m

WAR IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

TURKISH SHIPS SUNK AT PREVEZA.

BOMBARDMENT OF TRIPOLI BY THE ITALIAN FLEET.

ANOTHER TURKISH APPEAL FOR INTERVENTION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ROME, SEPT. 29.

It is officially announced that as Turkey has not acceded to Italy's demands, a state of war prevails between Italy and Turkey from 2-30 p.m. to-day. A blockade of the whole of the Tripolitan coast will be immediately notified to the Powers.

LONDON, SEPT. 29.

It is understood that the Porte's reply to Italy expresses surprise at Italy's action and hopes that Italy will desist from the measures contemplated. The reply emphasises Turkey's desire for a settlement of pending affairs, and promises to protect Italians and suspend military measures during the negotiations.

Turkey has again requested the good offices of the Powers.

A Turkish squadron is returning from Beirut to Constantinople.

The Italian officers serving in the Turkish gendarmerie have been recalled to Italy.

CONSTANTINOPLE, SEPT. 30.

The Italians have landed at Benghazi, in Tripoli.

SALONIKA, SEPT. 30.

An Italian cruiser has destroyed a Turkish destroyer in the harbour at Preveza, and landed soldiers.

A Turkish battalion has been ordered to Preveza.

[Preveza is at the mouth of the Gulf of Arta, a deep incursion of the Adriatic Sea, which marks at this point the boundary of Turkey and Greece.]

ATHENS, SEPT. 30.

M. Venizelos, the Premier, states that he has received a telegram from Vonitza, in the Gulf of Arts, announcing that Italian cruisers ursued and fired at two Turkish transports, ith troops aboard. The transports ran themelves ashore near Preveza.

Turkish Cabinet Crisis.

CONSTANTINOPLE, SEPT. 30.

The Turkish Cabinet has resigned. Said Pasha, President of the Senate, has been appointed Grand Vizier, and Kiamil Pasha, Foreign Minister. Mahmud Shefket remains Minister of War.

Great Britain has recalled the British naval fficers serving with the Turkish fleet.

CONSTANTINOPLE OCT 1.

Said Pasha has been hitherto unsuccessful n forming a Cabinet. Kiamil Pasha has declined the *Portefeuille* for Foreign Affairs.

SALONIKA, SEPT. 30.

The Committee of Union and Progress has decided upon a boycott, of Italian goods, the expulsion of Italians, and an anti-Italian agitation in Tripoli.

BERLIN, SEPT. 30.

The German Press is unanimous in condemning the action of Italy. The papers say it is astounding, even in the present age of material policy.

The Austrian Press is apprehensive of an outbreak in the Balkans, and accuses Italy of endangering the peace of Europe.

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

The Ottoman Embassy informs Reuter that it has received no confirmation of the reports regarding Turkish intentions in Greece. The Embassy added "The Porte does not intend to copy the immoral example of other Powers."

Despatches to the Italian Press from Tripoli state that the population was awake all night on Thursday. The Italians and foreigners gathered in the Italian Consulate, while the Moslems prayed in the mosques. There were no disturbances.

An Italian destroyer landed an Italian officer, with a white flag, yesterday afternoon, who demanded the surrender of the forts. According to despatches to the British Press, the Turkish commandant refused to surrender.

The Italian Landing.

CONSTANTINOPLE, SEPT. 30.

According to a despatch received at the Ministry of War, the Italians began to disembark troops in the afternoon, but the Turks sank the first two barges.

Apprehensions are felt for the safety of the Turkish fleet, which is hastening to the Dardanelles from Beirut.

It is reported that Italian warships have appeared off Smyrna and Salonika.

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

The Italian fleet is spreading in all directions in the Eastern Mediterranean for the purpose of protecting Italian trade, and preventing the Turks from attacking the long line of Italian transports going to Tripoli.

The affair at Preveza resolves itself into an Italian flotilla forcing one Turkish destroyer ashore at Aenire, and driving another on to a bank in the harbour.

Germany has assumed the protection of Italian subjects, and the interests of Turkey.

The Porte has addressed a fresh appeal to the Powers, in which it expresses its pained surprise at the action of Italy, and appeals to the humanitarian sentiments of the Powers to prevent useless bloodshed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, SEPT. 30.

The Government is strengthening the troops on the Greek and Montenegrin frontiers.

Italy's Expeditionary Force.

MILAN, SEPT. 30.

The expeditionary force will comprise eight regiments of infantry, two of *Bersaglieri* and sharpshooters, totalling 25,000, and ten thousand cavalry, artillery, engineers, etc., altogether 35,000.

The soldiers have been instructed as regards the customs and religion of the Tripolitans, and have been ordered strictly to respect them.

General Ganeva will command the expedition.

The chartered transports have already been fitted out and transferred to the Navy. They are now only awaiting the embarkation of troops.

War-vessels of all descriptions are leaving the ports, amidst fervent enthusiasm, for various destinations, some under sealed orders.

MALTA, SEPT. 30

The European families, still remaining in Tripoli, have been seized with panic as the result of the latest developments, and are fleeing without their property and taking refuge in British ships.

CONSTANTINOPLE, SEPT. 30.

Italian warships attacked two Turkish torpedo-boat destroyers this morning, off Durazzo in the Adriatic.

BERLIN, SEPT. 30.

Germany is sounding the Powers with a view to combined efforts being made to localise the conflict.

CONSTANTINOPLE, SEPT. 30.

The Committee of Union and Progress has issued a proclamation to the nation declaring that it prefers honour to life, and that it will employ every means against the enemy. Italians will be expelled from the schools, and Italian businesses will be closed.

The proclamation begs the population to remain tranquil, and to leave the Government to apply the measures which may be necessary, calmly demonstrating that Ottomans are more civilized and more equitable than the Italians.

ROME, OCT 1.

It is officially stated here that Italian destroyers sank two Turkish torpedo-boats near Preveza yesterday morning, and captured a yacht and also a steamer with 167 Turkish troops and a large number of munitions on board.

CORFU, OCT. 1.

Entrance to Brindisi harbour after nightfall has been forbidden. The lights are extinguished.

SOFIA, OCT. 1.

The Government announces that Bulgaria will do her utmost to preserve peace in the Balkans.

MALTA, OCT. 1,

The British Mediterranean Fleet is expected to arrive here to-day. Preparations for the coaling of the vessels are being most actively proceeded with.

Bombardment of Tripoli.

PARIS, OCT. 1.

A telegram received here from Tripoli states that Italian warships bombarded the town yesterday morning,

Messages from Constantinople confirm the news of the sinking of two other Turkish destroyers near Preveza.

It is reported that the Italians started landing at Preveza yesterday morning under cover of warships.

A mob at Salonika, yesterday, tore down the escutcheons on the Italian Consulate, Post Office and schools. Italian fishing boats were also confiscated.

A wave of patriotic fervour swept over Rome yesterday evening. Crowds marched in procession through the streets and halted in front of the German Embassy, where cheers were raised for the friendly ally of Italy.

CONSTANTINOPLE, OCT. 1

A meeting of sixty deputies yesterday sent a deputation to the Sultan who, in his reply, said: "I desired to convene the Chamber, but the opposition of Hakki Pasha prevented me from issuing a decree for the immediate convocation of Parliament. I am a great reader of history, but I have never encountered a worse case of violation of right than has been committed by Italy.

"When visiting Adrianople and Salonika I inspected the fortifications. I wish the whole Empire were so well guarded; but, unfortunately, Tripoli has been neglected, owing to the indolence and carelessness of Hakki Pasha and the Cabinet."

ROME, OCT. 1.

The Ministry for War has been inundated with applications from volunteers for service in Tripoli.

An Italian semi-official statement declares that the naval operations in the Adriatic are destined solely to protect Italian ports.

VIENNA, OCT. 1,

The semi-official *Fremdenblatt* welcomes the Italian assurance of adherence to the *status quo* in the Balkans, and declares that any aspirations against the *status quo* are foredoomed to failure.

The journal adds that Turkey can rely on the support of the Powers in the Near East if she continues to exercise a restraining influence on the Turkish public.

PERSIAN REBELLION.

Retreat of Salar-ed-Dauleh.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

A message from Nobaran states that Salar-ed-Dauleh has retreated to a position there, leaving his guns and ammunition. The Government army is pursuing him.

AMERICAN TOWN WIPED OUT.

Hundreds Perish.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Owing to the bursting of a dam the town of Austin (Penn.) has been wiped out. Out of a population of 2,700, it is feared that two thousand persons have perished.

LATER.

The number of deaths in consequence of the burst of the dam at Austin (Penn.) is now stated to be 850.

DEATH OF LORD NORTHCOTE.

LONDON, SEPT. 29.

The death is announced of Lord Northcote.

[Lord Northcote was the second son of Sir Stafford Northcote (afterwards the Earl of Iddesleigh), who was leader of the House of Commons under Lord Beaconsfield. He was born on Nov. 18, 1846, and was educated at Eton and Merton College, Oxford. He became a clerk at the Foreign Office in 1868, and later in 1876 and 1877 he was Private Secretary to Lord Salisbury at the Constantinople Embassy. He was Private Secretary to the Chancellor of the Exchequer from 1877 to 1880, and on retiring from that post entered Parliament as Conservative member for Exeter, a constituency which he continued to represent until 1899, when he came out to Bombay. In 1885 and 1886 he was Financial Secretary to the War Office, and in 1886 and 1887 Surveyor-General of Ordnance. In the latter year he was created a baronet, and in 1891 and 1892 he was a Charity Commissioner. In 1899 he was appointed Governor of Bombay, and in the following year was created Baron Northcote. He remained in Bombay until 1903, when he was appointed the first Governor-General of the Commonwealth of Australia, a post which he held until 1908. We refer at length to his life and personality, and especially to his Governorship in Bombay in our editorial columns. He was married in 1873 to Alice, adopted daughter of the 1st Baron Mount Stephen, but leaves no heir.]

FINANCIAL ADVISER FOR CHINA.

PEKING, SEPT. 30.

The American Legation has nominated M. Vissering, president of the Bank of Java, as Financial Adviser to the Chinese Government, and he has accepted the Chinese offer, with a salary of five thousand pounds sterling.

GERMAN ELECTIONS.

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

In a second ballot, at Duesseldorf, a Socialist has been elected to the Reichstag, defeating the candidate of the Centre Party by a majority of 3,153. Duesseldorf has hitherto been a stronghold of the Centre.

CHINA'S PREMIER.

PEKING, SEPT. 30.

Prince Ching has resigned the presidency of the Foreign Office, but an edict declares that the Government will not accept his resignation.

M. C. C. TEAM FOR AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, SEPT. 29.

The English cricketers have left for Australia. They were given an enthusiastic send-off.

NORTH SEA CANAL.

AMSTERDAM, SEPT. 30.

The State Commission upon the navigation of the North Sea Canal, connecting Amsterdam with the North Sea, particularly with regard to traffic with the Indies, has issued a report recommending the deepening of the Canal to a depth of thirteen metres, and the construction of a new lock, 350 metres long and 40 metres broad.

THE FRENCH NAVY.

PARIS, OCT. 1.

M. Delcasse, the Minister of Marine, has proposed the construction of an additional battleship to replace the "Liberte".

CUBAN SUGAR CROP.

HAVANA, SEPT. 30.

The Cuban sugar crop is estimated at 1,700,000 to 2,000,000 tons. It is expected that grinding will begin early in December.

BOXING IN AUSTRALIA.

SYDNEY, SEPT. 30.

McVea beat Lester on points in a twenty-round contest here to-day. Lester was outgeneralled in every department.

SWEDISH SOCIALISTS.

STOCKHOLM, OCT. 1.

The Cabinet has resigned as the result of Socialist successes at the elections.

BRITISH REVENUE.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

The revenue of the United Kingdom for the last quarter amounts to £34,220,049, a decrease of £7,320,770, including excise £3,311,000 and income-tax, £3,834,000.

The decrease for the six months amounts to £25,895,275, including excise, £2,145,000 and income-tax £20,885,000.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

Difference of Phraseology.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, SEPT. 29.

The Premier has assured a deputation of financiers that there was no fresh disagreement with Germany, only differences of phraseology.

[Paris, Sept. 16.—It is rumoured here that Germany is likely to receive Spanish Guinea and the island of Fernando Po as the price of recognition of certain Spanish claims in Northern Morocco. France's reply to Germany, it is asserted, makes inquiries concerning a secret Spanish-German treaty, and asks for certain guarantees with regard thereto. In some circles it is stated that Spain has ceded to Germany a port if not a whole island in the Canaries.]

FIGHT BETWEEN WELLS AND MOIR.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

Bombardier Wells and Gunner Moir have been matched to fight in London on October 18th.

In an interview, the Rev. F. B. Meyer, who so strongly opposed the Wells-Johnson match has stated that he does not intend to oppose the contest, as he has no wish to attack boxing as a sport.

PORTUGUESE PLOT.

Big Monarchist Conspiracy Defeated.

OPORTO, OCT. 1.

The authorities have nipped in the bud a wide-spread plot to restore the monarchy. Many arrests have been made.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, OCT. 1.

The death is annouuced of Sir John Brigg, M. P. for Keighley.

[Sir John Brigg was a well-known worsted spinner in the West Riding, who retired in 1890 from the business in which he had succeeded his father (Mr. John Brigg, J.P., of the Guard House Keighley.) He was born at Keighley in 1834, and was the chairman of the Bradford Old Bank, a director of the Leeds and Liverpool Canal, and a Deputy Lieutenant. He married a daughter of Mr. William Anderson, of Bingley, and has four sons and one daughter. His principal recreation was natural science, and this was his fifth Parliament. He was knighed in 1909.]

THE NATIONAL CONGRESS.

Prospect of Disunion at Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 30.

In spite of the best endeavours it is not expected that there will be a united Congress in Calcutta this year. The difference between conventionists and non-conventionists in Bengal is as keen as before. Since the Surat Congress, these two parties who are otherwise known as the moderates and the extremists have been fighting for principle. The latter are not willing to sign the articles of the convention adopted at Allahabad, and the former will not admit them unless the articles are adopted. A private conference of non-conventionists was recently held in Calcutta, at which several leaders resolved not to sign the articles even tentatively, unless they were discussed at the full Congress. There is even a talk of holding a second Congress of the extremists at Calcutta, but up to now nothing had yet been definitely settled.

THE ABOR EXPEDITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 30.

The steamer "Battani" with the 32nd Pioneers, for the Abor Expedition arrived at Dibrugarh on Wednesday afternoon. She took the flat, Tapti, in tow with the Sappers and Miners on board, and departed for Kobo at 4 o'clock after stopping in Dibrugarh only an hour and a half.

The military police at Kobo are clearing and burning the jungles round the camp.

Lieut. Hay Webb is now in Gauhati arranging for country boats, which will be employed for transport between Kobo and Pasighat.

DIBRUGARH, SEPT. 30.

One hundred and forty men of the 28th Gurkhas from Lansdowne arrived at Gauhati on the 27th to join the 18th Gurkhas, en route from Shillong. The "Batani" left this morning for the purpose of conveying headquarters and the 18th Gurkhas from Gauhati on the 2nd October due here on 5th en route from Kobo. The "Sherani" which left Calcutta on the 23rd with the 12th Gurkhas is expected here on the 4th leaving 5th for Kobo. The "Scinde" leaves Kokilamukh on the 2nd with Naga coolies for the base and the "Battani" on her return journey from Kobo will bring on the remainder of the corps. Work at the base is reported to be progressing favourably. The 32nd Pioneers have arrived there.

TRAMWAY EXTENSION AT KARACHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, SEPT. 30.

The extension of the lines of East Indian Tramways Company from Empress Market to Karachi Cantonment Railway station was opened and inspected with due ceremony this morning. The extension has cost approximately one lakh of rupees including rails and the laying of the lines, and three motors, and a sum of twelve thousand rupees for road widening. The length of the line, which is double throughout, is about a mile and three-quarters. Free rides are being given to the public to-day from 10-30 a. m. to 9 p. m. Large crowds besieged the trams in quest of seats. The extension promises to be very popular and of great convenience to the railway colony.

NEW GOVERNOR OF MADRAS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 30.

Sir Thomas Gibson Carmichael and family leave London for Madras on the 2nd proximo, and the new Governor will land here on 30th October. It is interesting to note, says the *Madras Mail* that many of Sir Thomas' relations on his mother's side were connected with Warren Hastings and bore those names and that Lord Napier, former Governor of Madras, was his fathers's first cousin.

ROYAL

King-Emperor's Suite Guests.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 30.

The *Gazette* announces that on the occasion of his visit to India, the King has appointed the Earl of Durham, to be Lord High Steward, until His Majesty's return from India.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 30.

A list of the suite and guests in the King Emperor's Camp at Delhi has been published here.

Their Majesty's suite from England will be:—The Duke of Teck, Personal Aide-De-Camp to the King-Emperor; the Duchess of Devonshire, (Mistress of the Robes); the Marquis of Crewe (Secretary of State for India); the Countess of Shaftesbury, (Lady of the Bed Chamber); the Lady Ampthill, the Earl of Durham, (Lord High Steward); the Earl of Shaftesbury, (Lord Chamberlain to the Queen-Empress); Lord Annaly, (Lord in Waiting); Lord Stamfordham, (Private Secretary to the King Emperor); Lieutenant-General Sir H. L. Smith-Dorrien, (Aide-de-Camp General); Major-General Sir S. B. Beaston, (Equerry); Rear-Admiral Sir C. R. Keppel, (Equerry); Sir Edward Henry and Lt.-Colonel Sir J. R. Dunlop Smith, (Political A. D. C's to the Secretary of State for India); Commander Sir C. L. Cust, C. I. E., R. N., (Equerry); the Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel Sir D. W. G. Keppel, Colonel Sir F. E. G. Ponsonby, (Assistant Private Secretary to the King-Emperor); Major Lord Charles FitzMaurice, (Equerry); Major Clive Wigram, (Assistant Private Secretary to the King-Emperor.); Lt.-Col. Sir R. Havelock Charles, (Surgeon to the King-Emperor); Mr. H. Lucas (Private Secretary to the Secretary of State for India); the Hon'ble J. W. Fortescue, (Official Historian); and Mr. Jacomb Hood, (Official Artist to Their Majesty's Indian suite.

The Hon. Sir J. P. Hewett, (President of the Durbar Committee); the Hon. Lt.-Col, Sir MacMahon, (Master of Ceremonies); Brigadier-General R. E. Grimston, (Military Secretary to the King-Emperor); Major H. R. Stockley, R.E., (Assistant Military Secretary to the King-Emperor); Major E. D. Money, 1st Gurkha Rifles, (Assistant Military Secretary to the King-Emperor); and Captain R. E. T Hogg, C.I.E, (Assistant Military Secretary to the King-Emperor).

Besides the two Aides-de-Camp-General, the following officers will be attached to the staff:—Lt.-Colonel H. D. Watts, 99th Gurkha Rifles, (Equerry to the King-Emperor); Brigadier-General W. R. Birdwood D.S.O., (Aide-de-Camp to the King Emperor); Brigadier-General H. Du Keary, (Aide-de-Camp to the King-Emperor); Colonel J. M. Stewart, 5th Gurkha Rifles, (Aide-de-Camp to the King-Emperor); Brigadier-General C. J. Melliss, (Aide-de-Camp to the King-Emperor); Colonel F. Goodwin, (Aide-de-Camp to the King-Emperor); the Maharaja of Gwalior, (Honorary Aide-de-Camp); the Maharaja Pertab Singh, (Honorary Aide-de-Camp); Nawab Aslam Khan, (Honorary Aide-de-Camp); the Nawab of Rampur, (Honorary Aide-de-Camp); the Maharaja of Bikanir, (Honorary Aide-de-Camp); and Lt.-Col. Bird, I.M.S., (Extra Surgeon to the King).

There will be also about four extra Aide-de-Camp.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S STAFF.

The Governor-General's staff will be as follows:—Mr. H. Du Boulay, C.I.E, (Private Secretary); Mr. J. Scott, (Assistant Private Secretary); Lt.-Col, F. A. Maxwell, (Military Secretary); Mr. R. Parsons, (Personal Assistant to the Military Secretary); Lt.-Col. F. O'Kinealy, I.M.S., (Surgeon); Honorary Major L. A. H. Clarke, (Assistant Surgeon); Capt. J. Mackenzie, 35th Sikhs, (Comptroller of the Governor-General's Household); Major the Hon. H. J. Fraser, Scotts Guards, (A.-D.-C.); Capt. the Hon'ble A. O. W. C. Weld-Forester, Grenadier Guards, (A.-D.-C.); Capt. F. A. Nicholson, 15th (The King's) Hussars, (A.-D.-C.); Major R. G. Jelf, King's Royal Rifles, (Extra A.-D.-C.); Capt. W. W. Muir, 15th Sikhs, (Extra A.-D.-C.); Capt. A. F. Hartley, 11th (K.G.O.) Lancers, (Extra A.-D.-C.); Capt. H. P. Burn, Gordon Highlanders, (Extra A.-D.-C.); Capt. A. A. Todd, Rifle Brigade, (Extra A.-D.-C.); Lieut. J. J. Astor, 1st Life Guards, (Extra A.-D.-C.); Lieut. the Hon'ble J. N. Bigge, King's Royal Rifles, (Extra A.-D.-C.); and Lieut. the Hon'ble E. Hardinge, 15th (the King's) Hussars, (Extra A.-D.-C.)

Risaldar-Major Abdul Karim Khan, Sardar Bahadur, (Governor-General's Body Guard); Subadar Major Mit Singh, Sardar Bahadur, I.O.M., 53rd Sikhs, (Honorary Captain); Risaldar-Major Wali Muhammad, Honorary Sardar Bahadur, late Governor-General's Body Guard, (Hony. Captain); Risaldar-Major Hukam Singh, Sardar Honorary Bahadur, I.O.M., late 16th Cavalry, (Hony. Captain); Risaldar-Major Abdul Aziz Sardar Bahadur, late 5th Cavalry, (Honorary Captain); and Subadar-Major Madho Singh Rana, Honorary Sardar Bahadur late 4th Gurkha Rifles, will be the Body Guard.

Captain V. A. S. Keighley, 18th (K.G.O.) Lancers (Commandant, Governor-General's Body Guard); Lieut. V. C. P. Hodson, 10th Hodson's Horse, Adjutant (Governor-General's Body Guard); Risaldar Kehar Singh, Ressilder Ibni Ali, Jemadar Jafar Hoosain, Jemadar Bhan Singh, (Camp staff); Major F. G. Smallwood, R.A., (Officer-in-Charge of the King-Emperor's Camp); Honorary Lieutenant E. O'Donald, (Assistant-to-Officer in charge of the King-Emperor's Camp); Mr. L. C. Glasscock, (Superintendent of Police in Punjab); and Mr. P. L. Orde, (Assistant Superintendent of Police).

The Governor-General's guests will be the Hon'ble Sir Arthur Lawley, the Hon'ble Lady Lawley, Lady Hewett, the Earl of Mar and Kellie, the Countess of Mar and Kellie, the Right Hon. the Earl of Sefton, the Countess of Sefton, Lord Charles the Montague, Viscount Hardinge, the Viscountess the Hardinge, Lord Alington, Admiral the Hon. Sir H. Lambton-Meux, Lady Lamton-Meux, Lady MacMahon, Mrs. Du Boulay, Mrs. Maxwell, Mrs. O'Kinealy, Mrs. Smallwood, Mrs. Mackenzie, Mrs. Keighley, Mrs. Hodson, Miss Lawley, Miss M. Lawley, Miss Hewett, and Miss MacMahon.

Lt.-Colonel R. F. C. Gordon, 15th Lancers, (Private Secretary to the President of the Durbar Committee.); Capt. R. V. Pollok, 15th (King's) Hussars, (A. D. C to the President, Durbar Committee.); and Lieut. G. Gilpin, Royal Sussex Regiment (Enquiry Office).

THE DELHI DURBAR.

Boxing Tournament to be Held

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 30.

At the Government of India Camps at the Delhi Durbar, most of the tents, which had been pitched, and the furniture which had been placed in position suffered considerably during the recent cyclone. The site of the camp having been recently levelled, the ground was loose and was quickly softened by rain, and the wind rose, the pegs were unable to hold the collapsing tents.

A press communique states that the Hon'ble Sir John Hewett and the members of the Coronation Durbar Committee will proceed to Delhi on the 30th instant. All communications for the President or the Secretary of the Coronation Durbar Committee should be addressed to them from that date at the Camp Coronation Durbar P. O.

SIMLA, SEPT.

There will be a boxing tournament durin period in which the troops are concentra Delhi for the Durbar. It will be open British Army. It will be under the patro H. E. the Commander-in-Chief and w managed by the General Officer Comman 8th (Lucknow) Division.

The office of the Executive Sanita Military Camps, Delhi, will open th of October, and should be addres

ALLAH

The title of Brigadier Cavalry Brigade, for Coronation Durba Arms Extraordi

The trial of Corporal liers, in connection with the de at the Volunteer Club, was resumed ing before Mr. Harrison, First Class Magis Before the court sat, Mr. Harrison accompanied by Mr. Bevan Petman, counsel for the defence, the Public Prosecutor and other court officers inspected the grounds of the Volunteer Club, where the occurrence took place.

Several witnesses were examined, and Corporal Ernest Hoile of the Royal Scots being called, stated that he first met the accused in the local Telegraph Office, where he made his acquaintance. On the day of the occurrence he was at the Volunteer Club with the accused. He did not see him (the accused) push the deceased over the railings of the verandah. Three bottles of beer were drunk by him and the accused at the Club that day. He did not know anything of the occurrence, till he saw the deceased after he was pushed over. He felt his heart, and tried artificial respiration. He told Cox that the man was dead. He saw no weapon nor stick in the hands of Cox.

Gustadjee Jamsetjee, the next witness, examined, said that he was playing billiards at the Club, when the occurrence took place. Deceased was his servant. He did not see the accused push the deceased over the railing. He knew nothing until he was told that a "gora" (soldier) had killed his boy. He saw the accused run away, and chased him.

The accused (Cox) next made his statement, and being questioned said that he did push the deceased over the railing. When he came out of the Club rooms he saw several persons standing on the verandah, and the man nearest him was laughing and jeering at him. He heard some one call him "suar." He simply wanted to give the man a shake, and did not take any notice. Seeing the slope of the roof he thought the deceased would simply slip off. He was walking up the verandah when two gentlemen, one of whom was a Parsi, came up to him and drew his attention to what had happened. He arrived in Simla on the 14th September in connection with the Durand Football Tournament.

Among other witnesses, who gave evidence in this case, was Lt.-Col. Duer, I. M. S, who said that he examined the body of the deceased on the 22nd September. He found the body fresh and normal. The cause of death was apparently shock. Messrs. Bellow and Curtis were also examined.

Mr. Bevan Petman, Counsel for the defence, argued at length for the application of Sections 323 and 350 I. P. C. to the case and cited rulings of both of High and Chief Courts. The Public Prosecutor maintained that Section 302 I. P. C. only applied to the case.

Mr. Harrison after hearing both sides intimated that he would give his decision on Monday as to whether he would commit the accused to the Sessions.

POSTING OF CURRENCY NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 30.

A Press communique states that the Government of India have reason to believe that universal currency notes, which now include all notes of the denominational value of R. 100 or less, are being very freely sent by post. It is manifestly desirable that money should not be carried by post, except with every possible precaution, and the Government of India have accordingly decided that with effect from the 1st October, insurance shall be made compulsory for inland postal articles containing currency notes, just as insurance is compulsory at present for despatch by post of coin and precious stones etc. Payment of a fee of one anna will insure a registered inland postal article for Rs. 50, and this payment is all that is necessary to comply with the regulation. Compensation for the loss of an uninsured registered article, or its contents, has been granted hitherto as a matter of grace up to a limit of Rs. 25 only. This compensation will in future be refused in cases where the article contained currency notes.

PUNJAB HINDU CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, SEPT. 30.

At the sitting of the Punjab Hindu Conference resolutions on the Royal visit, Hindu unity, encouragement of the study of Sanskrit, Hindi, and Punjabee and the introduction of "Kathas" and religious recitation were passed. Pundit Dindayal of Bharat Dharma Mahamandal, in speaking on the resolution on Hindu unity, expressed his strong disapproval of the president's advocacy of widow remarriage, which, he said, would spell ruin on society. The Pundit's remarks were applauded by a small section of the The Hon'ble Pundit Madan viya arrived this morning received a most enthusiast attends the Conference to

RAILWAY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT.

The diversion on the Delhi-Ambala-Kalka Railway, between Subzimmundi and Badli, has been repaired by midday on Friday. Trains are now running over the Delhi. Ambala-Kalka section.

SIMLA, SEPT. 30.

The recent heavy rains on the hills have disorganised the railway service to Simla. Owing to the breach near Delhi, both the Calcutta and Bombay mails have been coming in two and a half hours late. To-day three carriages of the Bombay mail train were derailed between Summer Hill and Simla, and thus all subsequent trains including the Calcutta mail were held up this evening. The line will be cleared to-night; meanwhile the mails have been conveyed to Simla in rickshaws and will be delivered to-night.

LATER.

The total approximate gross earnings of State and guaranteed railways from the 1st of 15th of September show a gain compared with the corre 1911.

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ey each for pocket it was reported that the strik out and that in several schools the soundly birched unless they brought that they had previously been punished by parents.

A Fierce Fight.

New York, Sept. 16.

Fireman Jim Flynn, of New York, fought a terrific 10 rounds match with Carl Morris, the Oklahama heavyweight, yesterday. Flynn won on the popular decision, as the referee is not allowed to give one. The New York man battered Morris almost out of recognition, whilst he was not marked save for a few bruises. Morris's face was beaten almost to a pulp. The contest is described as the severest seen in New York. Both men fought at a fierce pace throughout.

Arbitration.

New York, Sept. 16.

Speaking at Erie, in Pennsylvania, yesterday, President Taft outlined his plan for overcoming the Senate's opposition to the British-American Arbitration Treaty. He was willing, he said, to make the appointment of the International High Commission subject to the approval of the Senate, but if necessary he would go further and agreed to wipe the Commission out altogether.

Fire in a Colliery.

London, Sept. 16.

A fire broke out in a colliery at Chester-le-Street, in Durham, yesterday and for a considerable time anxiety for the fate of 81 men working below prevailed. The men were all eventually rescued in batches of five through an air shaft. The damage caused by the fire amounted to £10,000.

DASSERA EXHIBITION IN MYSORE.

Industrial Enterprise.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYSORE, OCT. 1.

The Yuvaraj opened the Mysore Dassera Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition at 5 p.m. yesterday in the presence of a large gathering. In requesting him to do so, Mr. Krumbiegel, the Economic Botanist in Mysore, as President of the Exhibition Committee, said among other things: "The Exhibition is a considerable advance over its predecessor, not only are there many new features, but most of the sections are remarkably complete and had we more space for the better display of the exhibits the area would have been considerably increased, notwithstanding that several additions to the building have been effected already. We have made an effort to provide more facility to the ryots and artisans to take part in the various competitions. As I have said on other occasions the industrial enterprise to be successful must be based on healthy competition and I am not one to advocate pampering wrongly conceived undertakings that could never hope to face competition on their own merits."

The Yuvaraj replied as follows:—"Mrs. Krumbiegel, Ladies and Gentlemen, I am glad to think that the words of encouragement which I spoke in this place a year ago have borne real fruit and that this year's exhibition promises to be a distinct advance on its predecessors. It is satisfactory to hear that special efforts have been made on this occasion to encourage visitors belonging to the ryot and artisan classes and to promote competition among them. These are the cases for whose benefit our exhibition is primarily intended and there is, as Mr. Krumbiegel has remarked, far more educative value from their point of view in a few minutes of ocular demonstration than in volumes of Bulletins. It is in the actual demonstration of methods of production of all kinds that these exhibitions serve their purpose.

"Few of us, I think, realize the strenuous work which the arrangement of this Exhibition entails on its organizers, but I feel sure that, when we have been round the various stalls and sections and have seen the enormous variety of agricultural and industrial exhibits collected, we shall be impressed, as I have always been, by the neatness and order, everywhere visible, and that we shall once more be able to congratulate Messrs. Krumbriegel and Subboswami Iyar members of the Exhibition success of their labours Exhibition to be

7th, ing compe pottery compe wood carving o sports programme will be will be followed by the giving.

MYSORE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYSORE, OCT 1.

The Mysore Economic Conference assembled at noon to-day in the Public Offices. The Dewan as President took the chair. Most of the Committee members representing trade and commerce, education and agriculture attended as well as several members of the Committee who are not members of the Conference. The Yuvaraja with Mr. Campbell, Private Secretary to the Maharaja, formally visited the assembly and Messrs. Raghavendra Row and T. Govinda Row also Mr. Ananda Row, C. I. E., ch larger and though in three of unters came out on top the considering the good betting, the and left the books once more with an advantage. This is the last of the big meeting, which we may now look back upon as having provided with good sport. There may perhaps have been complaints as to the class of horse not coming up to the importance of some of the chief events, but against this there is the fact that fields have been quite satisfactory. We have seen many ding dong finishes and owners from almost all parts of the country have been represented. There has been no "incident" worthy of note, and it is to be hoped that the lively competition amongst owners in importing fresh stock will not fall off. More satisfaction is expressed amongst these with regard to the manner in which the Stewards are doing their work, whereas the general arrangements, close finishes and fair, level starts do the various officials in charge of these departments every credit.

There was a meeting of members in the morning at which several matters were discussed, including that of the bookmakers. In Bombay this year those who patronise the second enclosure are to be given the first taste of betting without bookmakers. How this will act is a most interesting question, and in a way will be a test between the two systems of speculation, though we do not generally look to the smaller fry as the cause of evils which are likely to exist.

Winning three races, Mr. Goculdass had a wonderful day of it and comes out with a very enviable total in winnings, but his horses have struck form just too late to make up the lead secured by the other two big owners on this side. Messrs. R. R. S. and Ali bin Talib have respectively nearly reached and passed the thousand mark, which suffices to shew what a strong hand each has held at this important stage. The former has always held a very strong hand in all classes, and in Aquatic in particular has made a lucky purchase. On the other hand, Mr. Ali bin Talib's position is made all the more creditable, when one considers that he restricts himself to Arabs, and thus misses a chance for many of the richest stakes. Mr. A. A. Apcar has as usual been given a place amongst the stewards, and though he has started but few of a very strong, if comparatively small, stable, he has not fallen much short of those mentioned, for which he has to a large extent to thank Five Crown, who is probably in better form than he has ever been. About level with him also is Mr. Kelso, who unfortunately has not been here to witness his successes with Hilarity and Encourage. He is another small owner and a lucky one in that he has invested at moderate prices in horses who have improved, and the manner in which he runs them makes their wins popular. These are the ones we expected and do find appropriating the major portion of the stakes, and the same applies to the jockeys, in that Brown, Evans, Ferguson and A. Hoyt are the chief winners with Byramjee Rustomjee, Mr. Ali bin Talib and Bleach amongst the trainers.

Turning to this particular day's racing, one could not be very wide of the mark in the opening race which was over the sticks. Five Crown was giving Sholto less weight than when he beat him in Calcutta and was consequently made an odds on chance, some money also for Realm. The only other was the pony Wild Boy, who looked very well and made the running for a mile, jumping so cleanly that he actually gained on others at his fences. Naturally distance told, and Sholto was first to pass him, but as far back as half a mile from home, it was evident that Five Crown had the measure of all of them, Sholto outlasting Realm.

Baloz brought off his third win in the Khandala Plate, scoring over increasing distances in a manner which makes him out a very fair class though one of the newly landed. Mr. Ali bin Talib had three in, of which Money Gold was the pick and flattered into the straight after Grand Duke and Shawcutt had made the pace for their respective stables. There was a very good race down the straight and Baloz again scored through his ability to fight out the distance.

For the Paddock Plate the pick was Pincher all the way, on the strength of his always being well up of late, and though Lord Carlyon and Socialist were asked for in turn the chesnut warmed again to a decided favourite. We have several times been shown how Lord Carlyon stops when he appears to have a stone or upwards in hand, and he repeated the dose now. Getting well out of the gate, Hoyt took a good hold of him and never going far from Huka, he came down the straight looking all over a winner and seeming to hold everything perfectly safe, but only a matter of a few strides from the post he suddenly slackened and with Pincher running on strongly was just beaten. It is often the case with a free mover, that he has not as much in hand as one might suppose, but this is a very extreme instance. Socialist ran poorly and for a newly landed one lacking condition has had quite as much as is good for him. On the other hand, two who took the eye were Kooonowla and Convent Girl, but both need work.

The two mile Arab race was a trifle surprising to punters and stables alike, in that Thaboor and Parliament were neither the pick of their connec- Parliament has always been thought to and instructions were appa- when he was taken away on ths or more, followed bor, who again something

tion and doubtful whether have troubled her.

was made quite a hot favourite for Ghorpuri Plate, which was reasonable on Bombay form more than on his last run, Saree made the pace pretty warm all the way and ran a very good race, having Dawood Beg, Dojan and Grey Falcon in turn well beaten. Young Majub had, however, been nicely saved, and his turn of speed came to help him out at the right moment, but it was a very close thing.

Lastly a large field of sixteen and open betting which favoured Zuffer Beg, Young Thara and Pendil most. Secretary made the running to the bend, and from there Pendil and Young Thara made a great race of it, only for Sweden to zigzag his way through in a manner which shows that Hoyt must only have been waiting for an opening. Of the others, Zuffer Beg was close up, and as Order was all over the course he will be worth following when any jockey who has an idea of race riding is up. Details:—

THE DECCAN PLATE.—Rs. 1,500 to the winner, Rs. 500 to the second and Rs. 300 to the third. A handicap hurdle race for horses. Distance.—About 1 3-4 miles over 8 flights.

A. A. Apcar's Five Crown 12st. 7lb. L. C. Hoyt 1
by's Sholto 10st. 4lbs. Hayhoe
dar's Realm

Crown never really to bring him up. Four lengths and two 3 mins. 21 1-5 secs.

trained by J. Watson.)

KHANDALA PLATE.—Rs. 1,000 to the , Rs. 300 to the second and Rs. 200 to the third. A high weight handicap for Arabs which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over since 31st March 1909. Distance.—1 1-4 miles.

Mr M Goculdass's Baloz 8st. ....A. Hoyt 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Money Gold, 7st. 12lbs. Ferguson 2
Mr R. R. S's Regent 7st. 11lbs...............Brown 3
Mr Ali bin Talib's Aga, 8st 11lbs..........Robinson 4

Also Ran:—Shawcutt, 9st. 7lbs, (L. C. Hoyt) ; Grand Duke, 9st. 6lbs. (Southall) ; Well Done 8st. 12lbs. (Evans) ; Young Japan 7st. (8st. Kuhn).

Betting:—6 to 4 against Money Gold, 5 to 2 Regent, 6 to 1 Baloz, 7 to 1 Young Japan, 8 to 1 Aga and Well Done, tens and longer odds the rest.

The Race:—Money, Gold showed first out from the gate, then Shawcutt passed him and later Grand Duke went to the front followed in order by Shawcutt, Money Gold, Aga and Regent. At the five furlongs the front two were together about four lengths in front of the next bunch, but soon after the field began to close on them. Money Gold caught them at the three furlongs and was well in the lead at the bend, where Well Done, Regent and Young Japan were handy with Baloz on the outside. Before the distance Baloz was practically on terms with Money Gold, and in the run home outstayed him with just a bit in hand. Won by a length, three quarters and two and a half next. Time—2mins. 25secs.

(Winner trained by Bleach.)

THE PADDOCK PLATE.—Rs. 1,500 to the winner, Rs. 400 to the second and Rs. 200 to the third. A high weight handicap for horses which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,500 or over since 31st March, 1909. Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr. Homi Billimoria's Pincher 8st. 7lbs. .. Brown 1
Mr. M. Goculdass's Lord Carlyon 8st. 4lbs. A Hoyt 2
Mr. G. K.'s Huka, 8st. 12lbs. ....Kuhn 3
Mr J. C. Galstaun's Convent Girl, 7st. 4lbs. A. Ferguson 4

Also Ran.—Socialist 9st. 12lbs. (Barrett) ; Koonowla, 9st. 7lbs. (L. C. Hoyt) ; Ruby Tin 8st. 13lbs. (Evans) ; Comet, 8st. carried 8st. 2lbs (Native) ; Metal Girl; 7st. (McGlove).

Betting:—5 to 4 against Pincher ; 5 to 1 Lord Carlyon and Socialist, 7 to 1 Convent Girl, 8 to 1 Metal Girl, 10 to 1 Huka and longer odds the rest.

The Race:—The start was a very good one, Lord Carlyon showing out slightly from Metal Girl, Comet and Huka on the inside. After a furlong Huka drew into second place and Convent Girl displaced Comet and Metal Girl, and was second at the three furlongs. Several others began to close as the bend was reached. Huka kept his place next on the rails to Lord Carlyon and Convent Girl gave no promise of repassing either, Pincher coming up alongside of her with Socialist on the extreme outside. A very pretty race ensued, Lord Carlyon appearing to be going well in hand, but a few strides from the post he tired and Pincher, winning on, caught and passed him by a neck, Huka a length and a half behind them and the same distance in front of Convent Girl. Time:—1 min. 3-2-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Byramjee Rustomjee.)

THE TURF CLUB CUP.—Rs. 4,000 to the winner, Rs. 1,000 to the second, and Rs. 500 to the third. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs. Distance.—2 miles.

Messrs. M. Goculdass and A. Nanji's Thaboor 8st. 7lbs..................................L. C. Hoyt. 1
Mr. G. K.'s Parliament, 7st. 12lbs.............Kuhn. 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Merrily, 7st. 7lbs. ...... A. Ferguson. 3
Mr. G. K.'s Valens 9st. 1lb. .... Barrett. 4

Also Ran:—Tajilmulook 9st. 7lbs. (Southall) ; Zainulmulook, 8st. 12lbs. (Robinson) ; Winchester 8st. 3lbs. (A. Hoyt) ; Artist 8st. 1lb. (Yussuff); Young Salanic, 7st. 11lbs. (Poole).

Betting:—5 to 2 against Valens, 3 to 1 Zainulmulook, 6 to 1 Tajilmulook, 7 to 1 Merrily, 8 to 1 Artist and Winchester, 12 to 1 Thaboor and Parliament, 15 to 1 Young Salanic.

The Race:—After but little delay they ran in a compact bunch into the straight for the first time with Parliament leading, closely followed by Merrily, Young Salanic and Thaboor in order, Velens and Tajilmulook bringing up the rear. As they turned the ten furlong bend Parliament shot away from his field and at the nine furlongs was fully a dozen lengths ahead of Merrily, Young Salanic and Thaboor close together followed at another gap by Zainulmulook. From the mile Merrily closed rapidly on the leader, and on reaching the five furlongs was in lead, Thaboor handy behind the two with Tajilmulook next. At the three furlongs Velens ran into fourth place, but the others were too far in front. Thaboor here had passed Parliament and coming up with Merrily as they turned for home had him settled in the straight and won comparatively comfortably, though he had nothing left in him. Parliament after falling away fought on gamely and caught and beat Merrily on the post. Won by two lengths, neck and three lengths. Time:—3 mins. 53 secs.

(Winner trained by Bleach.)

THE STAND PLATE.—Rs. 2,000 to the winner, Rs. 500 to the second and Rs. 300 to the third. A high weight handicap for horses. Distance:—1 mile.

Mr. Kelso's Hilarity, 7st. 3lbs.,.............Brown 1
Mr. M. Goculdass's Solution, 9st. 9lbs.,....A. Hoyt 2
Mr. A. A. Apcar's Sequent, 7st. 11lbs.,........Kuhn 3
Mr. A. A. Apcar's Lawn Sand, 8st. 4lbs., L C Hoyt 4

Also Ran.—Punt, 9st. 5lbs. (Southall); Riflebutt 8st. 11lbs, (Bland); Beau Vive, 8st. 5lbs. (Furgason); Coat of Arms, 8 st. 4lbs., (Barrett); Lady Spring, 8st. (Ames); Haut Park, 7st. 13lbs., (Luckman); The Cellarer, 6st. 10lbs., (Bullock).

Betting:—3 to 1 against Hilarity, 7 to 2 Lady 5 to 1 Punt, 11 to 2 Beau Vive, 7 to 1 to 1 Sequent and longer odds the rest.

—The Cellarer gave trouble at the eventually badly away last, Sequent from Solution and Lawn Sand. ongs Coat of Arms caught the having made up his ground far as the half mile, where in front followed by latter pair were passed but as they turned , as usual, began to go k Punt with him, the save himself, which spoilt left Solution and Sequent ails and go to the front, but come into a handy position, and from put in his run, came through and quite comfortably by two and a half lengths, neck and head next. Time.—1min. 44secs.

(Winner trained by Byramjee Rustamjee.)

THE GHORPURI PLATE.—Rs. 1,500 to the winner, Rs. 400 to the second, and Rs. 200 to the third. A high weight handicap for Arab ponies 14 hands and under. Distance.—1 mile.

Mr. D. S. Mehta's Young Majub, 7st. 12lbs. Barrett 1
Mr. R. S. Forage's Saree, 7st. 1lb............Vincent 2
Mr. F. M. Garda's Grey Falcon, 8st. 4lbs....Brown 3
Mr. Habib's Dawood Beg, 7st. 10lbs.........Yussuff 4

Also Ran.—Lookman 9st. 12lbs. (A. Ferguson); Zinfandel, 9st. 9lbs, (Evans) ; Dojan 9st. 3lbs. (A. Hoyt.)

Betting.—Evans Grey Falcon, 4 to 1 against Lookman, 6 to 1 Dojan, 7 to 1 Young Majub, 10 to 1 Zinfandel and longer odds the rest.

The Race.—Saree jumped out with a clear lead from Dawood Beg, Grey Falcon, Dojan and Zinfandel, the six furlongs finding Dojan in third place and at three he closed with and passed Dawood Beg. In the straight Dojan and Lookman were done and Saree held Grey Falcon safe, but a furlong from ho he had to be ridden hard and on the post by Young Majub, who came thro the distance and won a ve three quarters and the four. Tim

(Northmore) ; Nasibdar 8st. en 8st 4lbs. (Spencer) ; ezahim, ujeed) ; Little Laffy, 8st, 3lbs, carried (Evans); Good Shot, 8st. 1lb. (Luckman) ; 7st. 13lbs. (Hazza) ; Secretary, 7st. 10lbs. (A. Ferguson) ; Order 7st. 5lbs. (Yussuff) ; Sinclair, 7st. 4lbs. (Kamad) ; Fado 7st. 2lbs. (Vincent).

Betting.—4 to 1 against Zuffer Beg, 5 to 1 Young Thara and Pendil, 6 to 1 Order, 8 to 1 Sweden and Director, 10 to 1 Aden, Little Laffy and Secretary.

The Race.—A big field, which was let go at the correct moment, Secretary and Young Thara being quickest on their legs. At the five furlongs, Pendil showed out momentarily, but Secretary took charge again to the bend, when Pendil again passed him closely followed by Young Thar, outside them being Zuffer Beg and Order almost on the tan. A great set-to ensued between the leaders, but Sweden was full of running behind and on the post shot out between them comfortably, half a length being between each of the first four. Time.—1 min, 23 secs.

(Winner trained by Bleach.)

Totalizator Returns:—

	Race	Win		Places	
First	Race	Win	18	Places	12/8 and 13/8
Second	,,	,,	63	,,	14/8, 12/8 and 12
Third	,,	,,	27	,,	14, 16 and 13
Fourth	,,	,,	181	,,	72/8, 48 and 23/8
Fifth	,,	,,	46	,,	16, 26.8 and 27
Sixth	,,	,,	90/8	,,	37, 106 8 and 16
Seventh	,,	,,	123	,,	28, 21.8 and 29.8

Poona 8th Extra Meeting.

HORSES LEFT IN.

Monday, 2nd October.

Horses left in after declaration of forfeit at 12 noon 1st October 1911.

A SELLING PLATE, about 5 furlongs.—Chivalry 9st 12lbs, Obo 8st 10lbs, Croat 8st 9lbs, Heather Bell 8st 7lbs, T. M. S. 7st 12lbs, Metal Girl 7st 3lbs.

A WELTER PLATE, 7 furlongs.—Gallileo 10st 7lbs, Pincher 9st 11lbs, Huka 9st 6lbs, Metal Boy 9st, Lovania 8st 5lbs, Bright Metal 8st 4lbs, Cowslip 7st 3lbs.

ARAB CONSOLATION PLATE, 1 mile.—Jehangir 9st 12lbs, Grand Duke 8st 13lbs, Asfundier 8st 9lbs, Well Done 8st 7lbs, Young Japan 7st 5lbs, Bashir 7st.

THE NEW COMERS CONSOLATION HANDICAP, 1 mile.—Rozelmulook 9st 8lbs, Guinea Merchant 9st 3lbs, One Thousand 8st 12lbs, Regent 8st 12lbs, Little Laffy 8st 9lbs, Rangoon 8st 9lbs, Mysore 8st 3lbs, Rightaway 8st 1lb, Hyder Beg 8st, Mutrood 7st 13lbs, the Czar 7st 12lbs, Bunsee 7st 9lbs, Harry Johnson 7st 7lbs, Ghalyum 7st 5lbs, St. Hilarion 7st 3lbs, Crown Prince 7st.

THE KARJAT PLATE, 6 furlongs.—Rajput 10st 2lbs, Abdul Malik 9st 13lbs, Jehangir 9st 11lbs, Tachreet 9st 5lbs, Ashroff 9st 4lbs, Minerva 8st 7lbs, Majesty 9st 4lbs, Grey Falcon 8st 3lbs, Mudkoor 8st 3lbs, Chechan 8st, Prime Minister 7st 12lbs, Maimoon 7st 11lbs, Singer 7st 10lbs, Zuffer Beg 7st 8lbs, Woolwinder 7st 8lbs, Zari 7st 4lbs, Good evening (late Good Morning) 7st 4lbs.

THE BRISBANE PLATE, About 5 furlongs.—Leo Grand 10st 7lbs, Ask Mama 9st 2lbs, Encourage 8st 5lbs, Evening Herald 7st 10lbs, Joy Bell 7st 8lbs, Winnie R. 7st 7lbs, Ngakapa 7st 10lbs,

AUCTION PLATE, about 5 furlongs.—Sir Edward, Papa, Amrasti Sidick, Sattara, Golden Day, Borgavi, Framroz, Takte Jamshed, Shojelly, Great Gun, Nimar, and Nelson.

BOMBAY GOLF WEEK.

The handicap foursomes, being the last competition of the "week" was held on Friday and Saturday mornings. The course was again over 12 holes, medal play under handicap and prizes were awarded for the first and second pairs.

Twenty-seven couples entered and some very keen contests resulted.

Gittins and Marsden with a generous handicap of six, won the first prize with a very comfortable margin. Both players were right on their game and sent in a most creditable card, which read, 5, 5, 6, 3, 4, 4: 6, 4, 5, 5, 3, 5=55—6,49.

Bell and Barlee with eight won the second prize with a net score of 53; their card read, 6, 6, 6, 4, 4, 4 : 6, 7, 7, 4, 3, 4=61—8, 53.

The returns on the whole from all players were very good, and so the golf season of the Royal Bombay Golf Club for 1911 ends.

HANDICAP FOURSOMES.

	Score	H'dcap	Net return.
Gittens and Marsden	... 55	— 6	49
Barlee and Bell ...	... 61	— 8	53
Cherry and Owen	... 65	— 11	54
Reed and Simon ...	... 64	— 10	54
England and Abercrombie	53	+ 2	55
Latey and Dunkerley	... 62	— 6	56
Haughton and Powell	... 59	— 3	56
Jessop and Landon	... 60	— 4	56
Savi and Wittet ...	... 64	— 8	56
Breul and Brandenburg	.. 68	— 11	57
Sanderson and Clarke	... 61	— 4	57
Macbeth and Scott	... 59	— 2	57
Power and Nicholls	... 61	— 3	58
Roberts and Roberts	... 58	+ 1	59
Durnford and Pechey	... 60	scr.	60
Lowndes and Murray	... 67	— 4	63
Margoliouth & Herbertson	70	— 6	64
Hart and Busca ...	... 65	— 1	64
Moir and Barr ..	... 77	— 10	67
Burns and Foulkes	... 74	— 6	68
Ryall and Mann ...	... 78	— 9	69

CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana vs. Bombay League.

The return match between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Bombay Cricket League was played on Saturday, at the Esplanade, and resulted in a substantial win for the Gymkhana. The League going in to bat could make only 90 against the bowling of Purcell and Halliley. Paes and Raja were the only two players on their side, who were able to do anything against the Gymkhana attack. The home team had replied with a total of 149 when stumps were drawn. Sale who was top scorer with 64 to his credit, played excellent cricket. Brooke contributed the second best score and his innings of 42 was unfinished when time was called. The scores:

BOMBAY CRICKET LEAGUE.

G. D. Prabhwalkar, c Nicholson, b Purcell	9
J. F. Paes, b Purcell ...	28
W. A. Kelly, b Purcell	8
D. A. Dalvi, b Halliley	3
D. M. Raja, c Brooke, b Clarke ...	15
J. V. Hildreth, c Philips, b Halliley ...	7
R. A. Wagle, c Christie, b Halliley ...	11
R. Sorabji, c Watts, b Purcell ...	0
Shaikh Mahomed, c and b Marrs ...	5
N. Limjee (Capt.) not out	0
M. Byramji, st Brooke, b Clarke ...	0
Extras ...	4
Total ...	90

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

E. E. Christie, c Sorabji, b Mahomed ...	0
E L Sale, st. Byramjee ; b Paes ...	64
G. C. Phillips, run out	19
R. E. A. Elliott, c Byramjee, b Wagle ...	16
F. R. R. Brooke (Capt) not out ...	42
W. S. Halliley, E. M. F. Nicholson, T. H. Watts, V. E. Purcell, F. J. Clarke, rs, Did not bat.	
Extras...	6
Total for 4 wickets	147

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

BOMBAY CRICKET LEAGUE.

O.	M.	R.	W.
9	2	30	0
17	8	28	4
7	2	26	3
	1	2	1
	1	0	1

YMKHANA.

	M.	B,	W.
		48	1
		46	1
		11	0
			0
			1

TRIANGULAR FOOTBALL.

Naval vs. Military.

On Saturday evening, the Cooperage Ground, Bombay, was crowded on the occasion of the first of the charity matches, the proceeds from which are to be devoted to the projected Union Jack Club. Amongst the large attendance were H. E. Admiral Sir Edmond Slade, Col. Powis Lane, Col. Vaughan Mr. Justice Russell and others. Much trouble had been taken by the promoters of these matches, Messrs. F. Hogan and T. D. Parry, Honorary Secretaries, W.I.F.A., to make the ground attractive with bunting and an enclosure had been erected round a part of the field formerly open to the public. Two bands were in attendance, those of the St. Mary's School and the Royal Warwickshire Regiment. These supplied selections of much appreciated music, the former during the first interval and the latter during the closing stages of and after the game. At half-time, during an interval of fifteen minutes, the boys of the St. Mary's College gave a gymnastic exhibition, including bar-bells and lance-drill and carried out the various exercises with a precision that proclaimed efficient training. They also gave an interesting display on the horizontal bars and vaulting horse which elicited much applause. After the game was over, came Indian Club drill by the students of the Indo-British Institute, in which the team of girls came in for as much applause as did the boys for their accuracy and precision.

Although the football was hardly as interesting as when once before the naval men competed, still, as the result will show, the game was keenly contested throughout and the victory only went in the favour of the soldiers, because of their fuller advantages for practice. Play was even for a time after the start and then the soldiers who were a team picked from the local military teams, pressed somewhat. However, the sailors' backs held their own and the defence of the military team was often compelled to work hard. Unfortunately for the "Jack Tars", the military inside-right, after a combined run on the part of the forwards, managed to beat the sailors' custodian just before half-time. Determined efforts were made by the naval team who looked as if they might equalise in the second half, but the military defence played sound, Sergt. Hunt of the R. G. A. working especially well. When the whistle terminated a most interesting game the score stood:—

Military .... 1 goal.
Naval .... nil.

It was pleasing to see how the spectators supported the match and the gate-money must have been large. To-day a match will be played between the military team and a picked civilian team and in the interval at half time a gymnastic display will be given by the R. Warwicks whose drums will also turn out and sound "The Retreat." The cup and medals will be presented after the game by Major General Swanu, C. B., and it is to be hoped that another successful "gate" will be taken for the cause is a worthy one.

BILLIARDS.

Indian Champion in Poona.

On Friday, the professional billiard player, Ramphal Shaw, who claims the championship of India, arrived in Poona, and there are likely to be some interesting matches before he leaves.

One has already been arranged for Tuesday night, when he is to meet Monk at Tattersall's Club, conceding 300 points in 1,000. This should be well worth watching. During the past week Monk has shewn good form and topped the century more than once.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR W. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, V. D, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 2nd October.

200. Arms and Accoutrements—Arms and accoutrements will be issued from 9 a m to 1 p m daily (Sundays excepted). Members are requested to draw their Arms as soon as possible, as the Rifles not issued have to be stored in the Ordnance Department. (No Rifles can be issued to Native Servants).

216. Prizes—Any members who did not receive their prize at the Annual Prize Distribution can obtain them at Headquarters any day between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. (Sundays excepted).

222 Parade—Saturday 7th October—No. 1, 2, and E E Company Squad Drill Parade at Head Quarters at 5-30 p.m.

Dress—Khaki and Caps, Rifles, with slings.

Recruits who are not in possession of uniform may wear plain clothes.

223 Strength—The following member having joined the Corps is taken on the strength and posted as follows:—No. 1405 Gunner F Wellings No 1 Company No 3 Sub-Division No 1354 Gunner J W Chaney is mustered Trumpeter with effect from 1st October 1911, and posted to No 1 Company No 1 Sub-Division.

224 Office—The Head Quarter Office will be closed on Monday 2nd October 1911, on account of Public Holiday "Dussera,"

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 2nd October.

819. Detail for Parades—

To-day Monday the 2nd prox—"B" Coy Parade at the Bombay Gymkhana at 7-30 a.m. All recruits of the current season should endeavour to attend.

Dress—Mufti.

Tuesday the 3rd Inst—"A" Coy Parade at the Town Customs House at 5 p m

II "E" Coy Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-15 p.m.

Dress—Drill order, Mufti.

Wednesday the 4th Inst. "D" Coy Parade at the Telegraph Quarters at 7-30 a m

Dress—Mufti

II "C" Coy Parade at the Town Customs House at 6 p m

Dress—Mufti

III "F" Coy Parade at St Mary's Collage, Byculla at 6-15 p m

Dress—Mufti

Thursday the 5th Inst—"E" Coy Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9.15 p m

Dress—Drill Order, Mufti.

820. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—

Thursday, 5th inst.—"F" Coy. (Medicals)
Saturday, 7th inst "A" Coy.
Sunday, 8th inst "E" Coy.
Saturday, 14th inst "A" Coy.
Sunday, 15th inst "D" Coy.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-50 a.m.

821. Arms—Arms will be issued to members of "C" "E" and "F" Coys. at Headquarters from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily to 5th instant.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

NOTICE.

The 1st Bn Royal Dublin Fusiliers Boxing Tournament takes place at Ahmednagar on the 27th October 1911 and succeeding nights, also Annual Sports on 23rd and 24th October, there are several open events intending Competitors should apply to Adjutant at Head-Quarters B V Rifles for further particulars.

The Marquess and Marchioness of Crewe entertained at Crewe Hall on Sept. 8, 81,700 of their tenants with their wives from their Cheshire, Staffordshire, and Wiltshire estates in celebration of the birth of their son and heir. Lord Crewe was presented with an address congratulating him on the honour that the King had recently bestowed upon him. Lady Crewe received a gold cup on behalf of the infant. Lord Crewe said he hoped that the boy would grow up and find his greatest happiness in his home surroundings. It was his earnest wish that he would become devoted to the duties of the country, and take the same interest that his ancestors had done in the cause of agriculture.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU
The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street, London, Established over 35 years.

CONTINENTAL
MOTOR TYRES.
[Square Tread at Prices of Round.]

TROPICAL
THE NEW
CONTINENTAL TYRE.

CONTINENTAL
MOTOR TYRES.
[Square Tread at Prices of Round.]

LATEST RECORD.

CONTINENTAL
MOTOR TYRES.
[Square Tread at Prices of Round.]

6,300 MILES
ON
BACK WHEELS
OF
BOMBAY TAXI CABS.

CONTINENTAL
MOTOR TYRES.
[Square Tread at Prices of Round.]

BEST
FOR
INDIA.

CONTINENTAL
MOTOR TYRES.
[Square Tread at Prices of Round.]

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 30.

During the week the rainfall was very largely above the nomal in the United Provinces West, the Punjab East and North, the North-West Frontier Province, Rajputana East, Central India West and the Central Provinces; in large excess in the United Provinces East and on the Madras Coast North; in moderate excess in Burma and Central India East; normal in Kashmir and in moderate defect in almost all other parts.

The provincial reports of the condition of crop during the week show that standing crops in the United Provinces are flourishing and prospects are generally good. Prices have fallen in nine districts and remain generally stationary elsewhere in the Punjab. More rain is much wanted and the condition of the standing irrigated crops is fair, and of unirrigated crops that had survived previous drought poor. In the Frontier Province, unirrigated crops are generally bad and sowings of spring crops are in progress. Crops are in good condition in the Central Provinces and in Rajputana. Unirrigated crops have already withered in most places. Standing crops have improved owing to the rainfall received in the second week of September. Prospects of autumn crops are steadily improving in Central India, and two-thirds of the agency will now probably have good average crop while the prospects of the spring crops are unusually good.

A report from the Bombay Presidency shows that rain is badly needed everywhere. The standing crops are suffering from insufficient moisture in parts of Larkana, the Upper Sind Frontier, North Gujarat, Ratnagiri, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Kathiawar, Baroda and Kolhapur, and are generally in good condition elsewhere. Harvesting has commenced in Karachi, Larkhana, Hyderabad, Kaira, Broach, Surat, Ratnagiri, East Khandesh, Baroda, Rewa Kanta and Sawantvady. Lands are being prepared for spring cultivation in parts of the Sind, Nasik and Poona. Sowings of spring crops are in progress in Broach and Rewa Kantha but have been retarded for want of rain in parts of Surat, the Deccan, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kathiawar. The fodder supply is adequate except in parts of Sind, Gujarat, the Deccan and the Gujarat natives states. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition, but is deficient in parts of Thar ...d Parkar and the Deccan.

SIMLA, SEPT. 30.

The storm has now disappeared, but it leaves the ghtly unsettled in the region from Agra maun d lis. Light rainfall has occurred in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Burma and rn half of the Peninsula. Both currents nsoon at present are extremely weak. ef amounts are :—Maymyo, three inches; , Yamethin Chittagong, and Burdwan bazar and Bogra, one and a half; Simla, ary, one and a half; Chitaldroog, two. t: No important change.

SIMLA, OCTOBER 1.

t scattered rainfall is reported this from whole of United Provinces and the st of the Punjab. Rainfall continues in India and on the Burma Coast. The occurred in the southern half of the r. The principal amounts are :—Bassein b, one inch; Kyaukpyu, three; Dibrugarh, Cox Bazar, one and a half; and Bangalore, ore and Mercara, one; Calicut, one and a em and Bellary, two; Ootacamund and l, three. The forecast shows that the likely to cease in the west of the United and on the east of the Punjab. Elsewhere of importance appears likely.

BANGALORE, OCTOBER 1.

torm yielding five inches, passed over last night between eleven and six o'clock ng. Reports from the Mysore and Poona f the Plateau to-day point to the fall as en very generally abundant. The effect ave at least an eight anna crop in five of districts of the Mysore provinces. It is ved to be the burst of the north-east monsoon.

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ltd., CUMBALLA HILL, Sept. 30.

Rainfall up to 8 a.m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1909.	Corpdg. Total 1910.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill. ...	0·00	49·1	84·59	67·1

RAINFALL AT MATHERAN.

Rainfall Station, Matheran week-ending 29th September, 1911.

	Inc.	Cts.
Week's Total	02	48
Previous Total	159	62
Total Fall	162	10

RAINFALL ON THE G. I. P. RAILWAY LINE.

The following is the list of total rainfall reports on the G I P Railway up to week ending Friday 22nd Sept, 1911:—

	In.	Cts.		In.	Cts.
Jubbulpore	34	94	Khervadi	8	67
Raver	1	74	Nasik	10	45
imbhora	9	42	Devlali	12	21
odwad	13	75	Ghoti	71	21
Varangaon	11	67	Hotgi	19	24
Bhadli	15	10	Mohol	17	90
Jalgaon	14	62	Madha	14	10
Shirsoli	18	83	Barsi Junction	9	9
Mhasawad	14	61	Kem	10	63
Maheji	13	19	Jeur	16	5
Pachora	18	70	Pomalvadi	10	65
Kajgaon	19	37	Diksal	11	35
Rajmane	21	72	Dhond	7	62
Chalisgaon	18	29	Talegaon	24	80
Naydongri	9	60	Lonavla	118	89
Nandgaon	18	75	Neral	99	15
Manmad	11	78	Kasara	77	83
Lasalgaon	8	51			

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 30TH SEPTEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 30th September, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the extreme eastern districts of the Punjab; Ambala has had 0·12" and Delhi 0·63". Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in the area of rainfall and clear elsewhere. Maximum temperature is in defect in the east Punjab; the minimum is in excess except at Sirsa and Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Fairly general but light rain has fallen except in the extreme southern districts; Cawnpore has had 0·16", Mainpuri 0·12", and Agra 0·24." Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is normal at Allahabad and Cawnpore and in defect elsewhere; night temperature is in excess at Allahabad, Cawnpore and Mainpuri.

Sind and Rajputana. Skies are moderately clouded at Jaipur and Karachi and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in defect at Jaipur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The air is damper than usual at Neemuch. Day temperature is normal in west Central India and on the Gujarat and Kathiawar coasts and in excess elsewhere.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in excess at Akola.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Local rain has fallen in Hyderabad and the south Bombay Deccan; Nizamabad has had 1·61" and Bijapur and Belgaum 0·10" each. Skies are clear in the north Bombay Deccan and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess.

General Remarks.—Fairly general and light to moderate rain has fallen in the extreme eastern districts of the Punjab and the north-western districts of the United Provinces. There has been an increase in the area of rainfall in Peninsula; nearly general rain has fallen in the Madras Deccan and local rain in the south Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore, the Carnatic and on the north Madras Coast. In all all eleven stations record rainfall exceeding 0·10."

Local rain is likely in the southern half of the Deccan, Hyderabad and on the north Madras Coast. A few showers may occur in the east Punjab and the north-west United Provinces and possibly the Carnatic.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

LIQUID HELIUM.

Helium the element first discovered in the sun, and after the lapse of a number of years in certain terrestrial minerals has been the last of the gases to be reduced to a liquid state. The honour of first liquefying helium belongs to Prof. Kamerlingh Onnes, who has recently been making further experiments with the liquid gas. Its density at temperatures approaching closely to absolute zero has been determined, and this appears to be a maximum at about 2.2 degrees C. One of the important lines of investigation opened out by the liquefaction of the more refractory gases is the determination of the effects of extremely low temperatures; and Prof. Onnes has made use of liquid helium in pursuit of this special line of research.

270 DEGREES BELOW ZERO.

Various considerations have led physicists to assume that the absolute zero of temperature, the absence of all heat is 273 degrees below the zero, or freezing point of the Centigrade scale. And by means of liquid helium boiling under reduced pressure, Prof. Onnes has been able to experiment with a temperature of 3 degrees absolute, 270 degrees below freezing point on a Centigrade thermometer. Mercury exposed to this low temperature was found to have an electrical conductivity ten million times as great as it has at 0 degree C. Experiments with silver, lead, and other metals showed that they were affected by the low temperatures to a much smaller extent than mercury. Various other properties of matter seem to be modified by such intense cold, and such investigations may be expected ultimately to throw light on its constitution.

PHOSPHORESCENCE AND LOW TEMPERATURES.

M. Becquerel, again, has been studying the effects of low temperatures on the phenomenon of phosphorescence. The general result of his experiments is to show that the phosphorescence is prolonged when the body is exposed to intense cold. But the nitrate and sulphate of uranium, the most phosphorescent of all its salts, are not thus affected, though the others are. When a bottle of nitrate of uranium is shaken in the dark flashes of light are seen. This is said to be due to the cleavage of the crystals accompanied by minute electrical discharges. The phenomenon has been termed triboluminescence.

ENGLAND'S PRE-GLACIAL FLORA.

Mr. Clement Reid's interesting researches have shown that a large number of species of our present flora grew here in pre-glacial times. A list of such plants which he has contributed to the "Journal of the Linnean Society" comprises no fewer than 150 species. The remains of these are found in the pre-glacial deposits of Norfolk and Suffolk and they are supposed to have grown in the small tributaries of a large river, probably the Rhine, and in the neighbouring meadows and woods. It would thus appear that the flora of Norfolk and Suffolk has altered very little in the many thousands of years which have elapsed since pre-glacial times. For the most part, geologists hold the view that the flora, as well as the fauna, of our country was driven out or exterminated by the cold of glaciation, and returned in some way from the continent when milder conditions prevailed. The close agreement between the pre-glacial and the present flora of eastern England is difficult to explain on this view. But there is also a more southern element in this fossil flora. This includes three species of ranunculus, a water lily, the water-nut, &c. Thus, on the whole, a climate slightly warmer than the present is suggested. This, it has been thought, may be due to the fact that England was then joined to the continent.

CHEMICALLY ACTIVE NITROGEN.

The most notable property of the element nitrogen is its chemical inactivity. It belongs to the group of elements of which Argon, "the idle," may be taken as the type. Recent experimental work by the Hon. R. J. Strutt, however, shows that under certain conditions nitrogen may became chemically active. When pure nitrogen has been subjected to an electric discharge from a Leyden jar it undergoes a remarkable change. An account of his investigation is given by Mr. Strutt in the "Proceedings of the Royal Society." When the gas is removed from the influence of the discharge, it continues to glow as it gradually returns to its normal state. If it is now cooled the glow increases, but if heated it grows less. The nitrogen is now in a chemically active condition probably due to a separation of the atoms due to the electrical discharge. If brought into contact with yellow phosphorus it forms a compound with it, while a large portion of the phosphorus is converted into the red modification. It also combines with mercury and sodium and decomposes acetylene and other compounds.

RADIUM IN VARIOUS MINERALS.

Among the various minerals in which the radio-active substances occur the actual amount of radium present varies considerably. In a recent issue of the "Chemical News," an estimation of the amount of radium in its various ores is given. The ionising power of the mineral is taken as the indication of the amount of radium present, and the standard of comparison is the pitchblende of Joachimsthal. In this the ratio of the radium to the uranium is taken as 100. On this basis Messrs. Marckwald and Russel obtain for the mineral thorianite 98·1, for African pitchblende 101·5, and for autunite 20·7 to 68. An interesting conclusion drawn from the study of the last-named mineral is that it must be at least 100,000 years old.

THE ORIGIN OF NEW STARS.

In the current number of "Knowledge," Professor Bickerton discusses the fascinating subject of New Stars with special reference to Nova Persei, the temporary star which blazed forth in the constellation Perseus at the beginning of the present century. "Nothing in the whole realm of Nature," says Professor Bickerton, "is so wonderful as this event, the bursting out of a giant sun, its then increasing with amazing rapidity, until it is sometimes many scores of thousands of times the brilliancy of the magnificent luminary that keeps the earth in its orbit." Briefly the explanation of such phenomena is the collision of suns. Two dark bodies approach one another with enormous velocity and collide in a tangential or grazing manner. A part is torn from each and forms a third body. Intensely heated by the force of contact, this blazes up into the new star. The original masses pass on their way with motions altered by the contact. Expanding, and at first increasing in brilliancy, the new star as it further grows becomes invisible to the naked eye as a nebula.

THE "CLOUDED TIGER" AT THE ZOO.

The so-called "clouded tiger" (Felis nebulosa) which has recently arrived at the London Zoological Gardens from Borneo, and is lodged for the present in the Small Mammals House, would more correctly be called a clouded leopard. It is among the most beautiful of the cats, and about the size of a small leopard, but far gentler in disposition. The skin is not spotted, but marked with clouded patches, and a remarkable feature is the immense length of the tail, which lends itself to embellish the tales of hunters. Of two he kept Sir Stamford Raffles wrote: "No kitten could be more good tempered." Malays call this amiable animal the "tiger of the trees," because it lives mostly among the branches, preying on birds and small mammals.

PROFESSOR BELL'S LATEST DISCOVERY.

A correspondent who has recently come from America, where he had the privilege of a long conversation with Professor Bell, writes to the "Outlook" that the found... famous scientist hopeful on the verge of another great discovery. Hearing, he argues, is nothing more than the result of vibrations of sound beating upon the drum of the ear. These are communicated to the brain by a series of nerves. Deafness is a defect in this means of communication. A person can hear perfectly through his teeth, as is commonly demonstrated by placing one end of a pocket-knife in the mouth and the other end on a piano. It is equally easy to communicate sound-waves to the brains through any other bony substance, even the skull itself. Advancing from these premises Professor Bell is constructing an apparatus which, attached to the head, will gather in the sound-waves like the transmitter of the telephone, and repeat what they say to the skull, which will convey the information to the brain which lies beneath it.

BY THE WAY.

THE DECAY OF GLEANING.

A SADDENING sight for all lovers of time-honoured country-side customs, who have wandered among the wheatfields during this wonderful harvest-tide, has been the very noticeable scarcity of gleaners. Ruth could no longer, without serious difficulty, stand "in tears amid the alien corn" of prosaic modern England, because her picturesque industry in most places is clearly by way of becoming quite obsolete. The decadence of gleaning is not due, as some suggest, to the introduction of machine-rakes, which still leave plenty of corn for gleaners. The decline has been caused chiefly by the closing down of the numerous water-mills and windmills which formerly covered the countryside. Most corn now goes to the great steam-mills in the large towns to form the flour lately alleged to "cause appendicitis," and the gleaners are no longer able to get their wheat ground.

THE CUSTOM AND THE LAW.

There is a popular but quite erroneous belief that a common law right of gleaning exists in England. A legal "obiter dictum" that a man who enters a field for the purpose of gleaning cannot be prosecuted for trespass received the dubious support of Blackstone. But a majority of judges decided, in a case which came before the old Court of Common Pleas, that to grant a general right to glean would be contrary to public policy, because it would "demoralise the poor" (!) and "open a wide door to fraud." In many parts of England the privilege is confined to the wives and children of the harvesters. Yet the privilege of gleaning became so firmly established in England that the local custom has been recognised by many Acts of Parliament. In some country districts the "gleaning bell" is still regularly rung from the tower of the parish church during harvest-tide twice a day, to let the gleaners know when they may commence, and when they must finish.

THACKERAY AND OYSTERS.

There is more than an artificial association between the Thackeray functions of a month or two since in the Temple Gardens, and the shell fish whose season, like that of sucking pig, is introduced by the month that has an "r" in it. Walking westward through the Strand with the most intimate literary friend he possessed James Hannay, the author of "Vanity Fair" pointed to one oyster tub labelled "all these one shilling," and another whose occupants were priced at sixpence. "How," he remarked to his companion, "the sixpenny ones must hate the shilling ones!"

AN AMERICAN EPICURE.

A more memorable episode connected with the same dainty occurred during Thackeray's American experiences. He had heard accounts which seemed to him fabulous of the Transatlantic oyster's quality and size. In the November of 1852 he reached Boston to begin his lecturing tour. His friend and personal conductor, Mr. James T. Fields, had taken care to support the reputation belonging to the oysters of his native land by seeing that six oysters should await the illustrious guest when he sat down to table. Their size, exceeding, as the newcomer thought, the dimensions of his mouth, wrung from him the plaintive question, "How shall I do it? Avoiding the very largest of the group because it reminded him of the High Priest's servants ear that Peter cut off, the visitor contrived to swallow one still of sufficient size to make him, when he had despatched it, say: "And now, my dear Fields, thank you from my heart, for I feel as if I had swallowed a little baby."

"TEETOTAL."

Recently the "Glasgow Herald" reminds one, was celebrated the eightieth anniversary of the birth of that now famous term "teetotal." On September 1, 1831, it recalls, seven members of the Preston Temperance Society allowed Joseph Livesey to affix their names to a pledge of total abstinence. They are known as "The Seven Men of Preston," and for the most part their names are forgotten. Livesey is remembered. He did not invent the term "teetotal," but had the good sense to adopt it. Richard Turner, a countryman, declared with a stutter at one of the Preston meetings that he would be a "real-down, out-and-out tee-tee-total for ever and ever." Turner all but stuck with the name, and the name in its turn has stuck.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has not hesitated to strike the note of personal loyalty in his speeches in Quebec. He has now reached the allotted span of the Psalmist, but while in the ordinary course he might well be thinking of seeking repose, he will not entertain any such suggestion for a moment. Providence, he says, has treated him well, having given him at seventy better health than he has ever enjoyed before, and he is convinced that it would be wrong if he did not continue to place such intelligence, such ability, and such experience as he has at the service of the country, which he has served for twenty years as chief of the Liberal Party and for fifteen years as head of the Government.

STATION MASTERS AS METEOROLOGISTS.

On Friday last the ranks of the amateur meteorologists in Scotland were considerably augmented, it being compulsory upon each station agent of the North British Railway to maintain as from September 1, a weather record. Without emulating the mathematical precision required of the Meteorological Society's observers, the station-masters must record with accuracy, such particulars regarding weather as will have a bearing upon demurrage, siding claims, &c. It appears that on the vexed question of demurrage, the opinions of opposing parties are often at variance as to the state of the weather, which has led to the alleged delay, and it is expected that upon this point these "weather records" will furnish valuable information.

SIR JOHN STAINER AND MIDLANE'S HYMN.

Mr. Fred Sherlock tells in the "Parish Helper" a story about Sir John Stainer's setting of Albert Midlane's hymn, "There's a Friend for little children" which is true. When Sir Henry Baker was getting together an enlarged edition of "Hymns Ancient and Modern," Stainer, who was at that time organist of St. Paul's, was asked to join the committee. He did so, and for convenience sake the meetings were held at the Langham Hotel, Portland-place. Upon a certain occasion Baker handed Stainer the words of Midlane's hymn, "There's a Friend for little children." He was taken with the theme, and retired to Sir Henry Baker's bedroom, and jotted down there and then the beautiful tune which has since become known the wide world round.

"THE DREADEST MONTH OF ALL."

Though the most of us, says a home correspondent, September comes with "an aspect tenderly illumined," the smallest members of the community (a Wimpole-street correspondent writes) have reason to look on her as the dreadest month of all. Every year between her coming and going tens of thousands of infants are wiped off the earth on which they have barely established a foothold. This September slaughter (for who would see a pestilence in the doctors' "summer diarrhoea"?) spares neither the sturdy babe with the makings of a healthy citizen nor the babe whose sleeping intelligence holds a secret for mankind. All are struck at indiscriminately. It would be a terrible record to count up what September has cost us in infant lives. Probably in the last two or three centuries England has lost from this one cause alone not less than 10,000,000 lives.

THE VERY FIRST AVIATOR.

A French Oriental student has discovered a surprisingly early record of experiments in aviation. The hero of the enterprise was one Ibn-Firnas, an Arab of Spain, and physician to the Khalif Abdurrahman II., who flourished in the ninth century. Ren wnd as an inventor as well as a doctor, he devised a clockwork apparatus by means of which he "flattered himself that he would be able to rise into the air like a bird," and a crowd assembled near Cordova to see him try. He did, it seems, actually get off the ground, but fell again, with a great thud, amid the derisive cheers of the populace. The story has just been found, and pointed out in an Arabic work by a certain El Makkari, of Tlemcen.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE JOY OF RETURNING HEALTH.

What Two Royal Physicians Say.

Of all the simple joys of life, few give a greater thrill than when, after a siege of illness, the patient is told that he has left suffering behind him; he is convalescent, and is to be allowed to resume his normal food instead of the light, sloppy diet on which he has been feeding.

Even under favourable circumstances, however, convalescence may be a protracted, tedious affair which the patient finds exceedingly irksome, especially if he has important duties to perform or urgent matters awaiting his consideration. Even, however, if there is no such need for his immediate return to the work-a-day world, natural inclination makes him anxious to be up and out in the shortest possible time.

Under such circumstances, nothing will make him achieve his object so quickly as a course of Sanatogen. Every doctor knows that it is the greatest revitalising and reconstituent preparation in the world, "the tonic food with lasting effects," as it has been called by those who like to describe it in a phrase. Its use in convalescence is universal, and has been attested by thousands of doctors, including the physicians to ten crowned heads of Europe. Among them may be mentioned Dr. Ott, the late King Edward's physician at Marienbad, who writes: "I have been using Sanatogen for a number of years in my practice with excellent results. These results have been notably good in cases of convalescents after severe illnesses, and also in the case of elderly people when it was desirable to build up the strength, to stimulate the bodily functions, and to improve the circulation of the blood."

With his name may be associated that of Dr. Quirico, physician to H. M. the King of Italy, who has made the following statement: "I have used Sanatogen with marked benefit in the case of weakly children, and in convalescence after long illnesses. I consider the preparation a most excellent tonic food."

The reason for Sanatogen's use at this time is simple. It supplies an easily digestible food of great strength, one which restores the nervous as well as the physical side of the body, and improves the condition of the blood.

Sanatogen may be obtained of all chemists and bazaars.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

FOR AUTUMN WEAR.

Now that the summer is drawing to a close, says a lady writer in mail week, every other woman's thoughts are turning toward the question of autumnal attire. Light coats suitable for wearing over summer frocks are of the utmost importance, and by no means as easy to choose as may at first appear. Last year there was a rage both in Paris and in London for long, semi-fitting coats of uncrushable black satin. This year the preference seems to be for coats of black velour which are very artistic looking, and which become the majority of wearers. As a rule these coats are fashioned of very thin black velour, lined with either white or some bright-coloured silk. In nearly every instance they are made long, reaching nearly to the hem of the gown. Although quite in the nature of a wrap that is easily thrown on, the new coats are by no means as shapeless as those formerly worn. Made with semi-fitting backs, and more or less elaborate collars, they are exceedingly graceful and smart-looking.

SUNSHADES WITH INTERCHANGEABLE COVERS.

The new kind of sunshade which is made so that the silk covering can be changed to suit the wearer's various costumes is so simple and so exceedingly neat and easy to adjust that the wonder is that it has not been put into practical use long ago. The sunshade consists of an ordinary umbrella frame with a smart handle, and any kind of plain silk covering or even an elaborate chiffon or lace betrimmed covering can be slipped on at a moment's notice—or, if necessary, the sunshade can be easily transformed into an ordinary umbrella. From the woman traveller's point of view it supplies a long-felt want, while a great many women who like to keep the etceteras of their costumes all of one hue have hailed with delight this really practical and economical invention, which makes a very considerable reduction in the dress bill of so many women nowadays.

FLOWERS FROM THE COUNTRY.

Those housewives who are confronted with the difficulty of obtaining really fresh-cut flowers at a reasonable rate at this time of the year, when blooms are getting scarce, will appreciate a venture started by a lady who lives a little way out of London, and who undertakes to supply really freshly-cut flowers from her own garden. Orders are received both by telephone and by post, and the flowers are well packed and despatched with very little delay, so that they may arrive in good conditions. What is more important from the average housekeeper's point of view is the fact that a good supply of "country" foliage is sent with each consignment of

THE LATEST BLOUSES.

The newest autumn blouses elaborate than those that have years. Some are veritable wo the most charming models are of various coloured chiffon m bodice of old gold of tarnish lace, which in turn, is mounted ed velvet ribbon arranged in bust—the whole being vei chiffon overslip. One ch new mode to be dressmakers is tucked and n net, which v of Saxe blu mounted ove velvet ribbo in a bow abo

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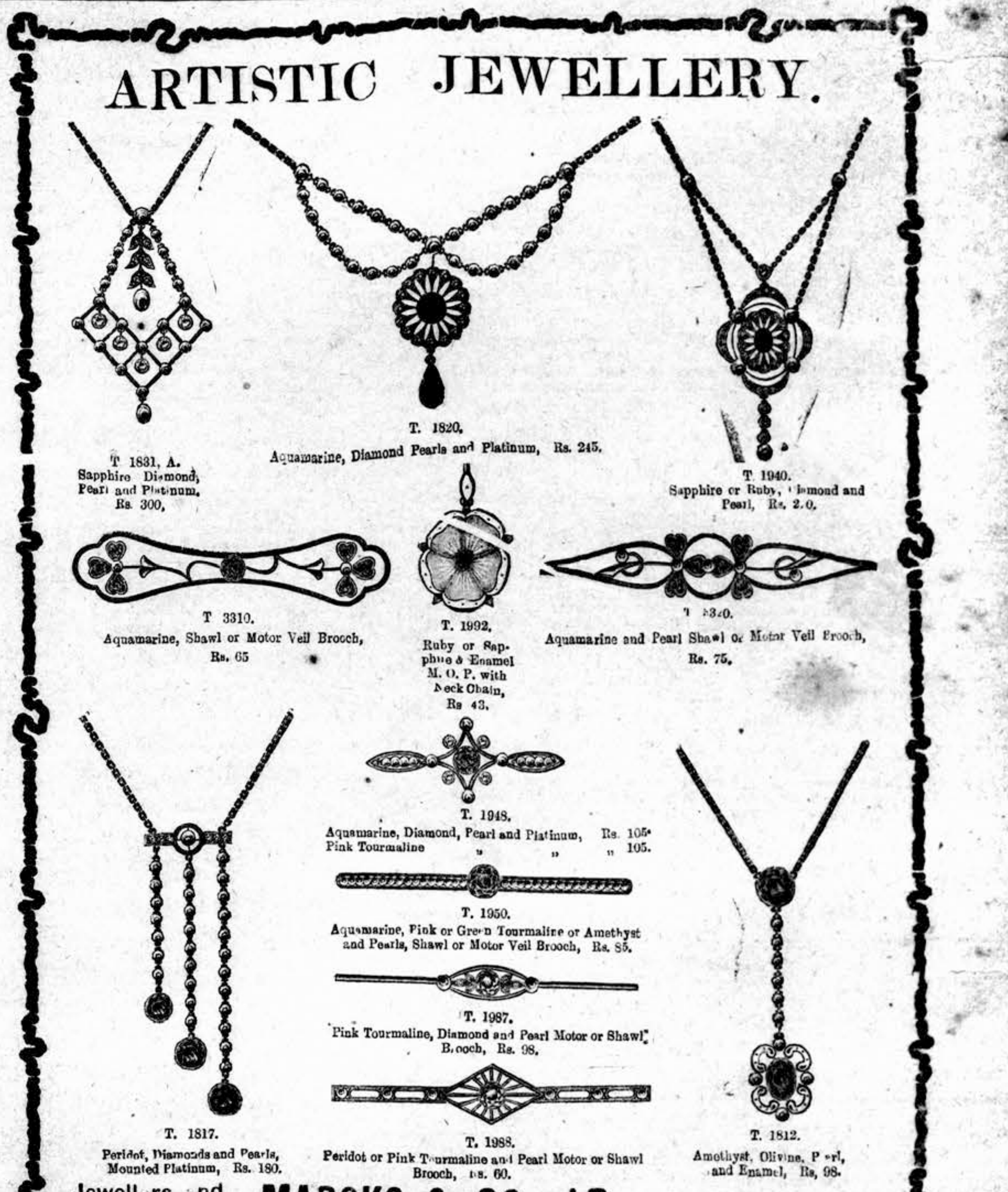

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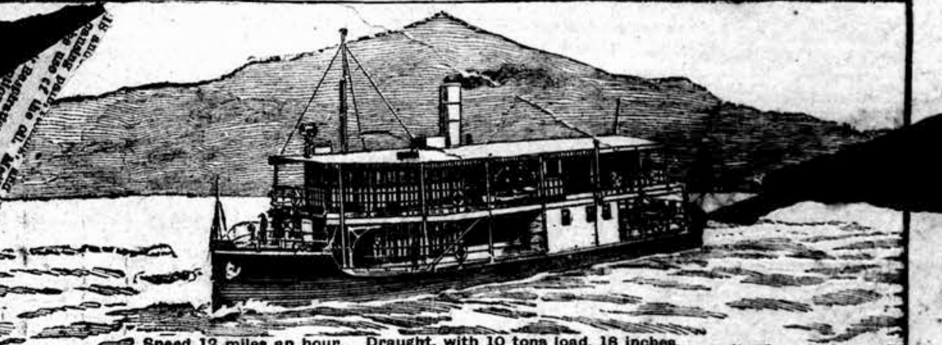
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A Clergyman

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Rev. A. H. Field, 336, Brettenham Road, Walthamstow, writes: "It gives me much pleasure to testify to the beneficial effects of Phosferine in many cases of nervous disorder, where I have advised the use of your tonic. Some four years ago I myself had a nervous breakdown, and a friend advised Phosferine. I took his advice, and I speedily found that I had acted wisely, for the neuralgic pains and the mental weariness soon took flight, and I was thoroughly braced up. Recently some members of my church, at my suggestion, tried the remedy, and were quite satisfied with the beneficial results. I have advised its use now for nearly four years, and in no case has it yet proved a failure. When one thinks of the great number of so-called nerve remedies, it is satisfactory to find at least *one* upon which reliance can be placed. I wish your Phosferine every success. When preaching away, I have noticed Phosferine finds a place in the village homes."

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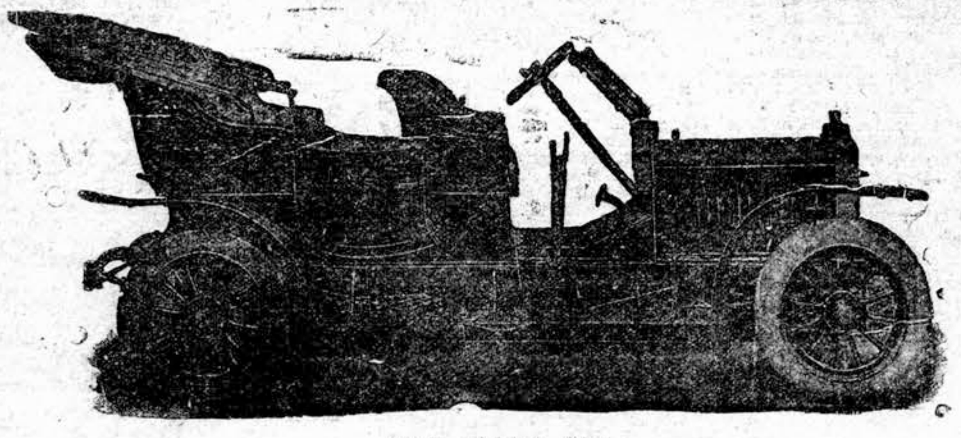

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